

MORE IMPORTANT TOWNS FALL TO THE ALLIES

SHERIFFS GIVE ENDORSEMENT TO WAR ACTIVITIES

Pass Resolutions Supporting Wilson and Lowden At Today's Meeting

FOR NEW LEGISLATION

Will Seek New State Law Providing For Uniformity Of All Legal Fees

Be It Resolved by the Sheriffs' Association of the State of Illinois in convention assembled at Dixon, Illinois, on July 26th, 1918, we hereby heartily commend the war course of President Wilson and Governor Lowden and approve of their activities in behalf of the cause.

We further respectfully pledge our utmost endeavors to the upholding of the efforts of the National and State Administration in the promotion of loyalty and patriotism.

We further pledge our greatest efforts and all the energies of which we are capable in the promotion of the cause of our country in whatever capacity we may be called upon by the proper officials to render such service, and hereby respectfully tender our services in any capacity which may be needed and for which they may be called.

Endorse Schoenholz.
The afternoon resolutions thanking Sheriff Phillips and his deputy, Frank Schoenholz, W. B. Brinton, the Elks, Chamber of Commerce and all who assisted in their entertainment were also adopted; as was a measure endorsing the candidacy of and favoring the election of Frank Schoenholz of Lee county.

New Officers.
New officers were elected as follows:

President—Geo. Scholl, Joliet Co.
Vice President—C. H. Draper, Fulton Co.
Secretary—Edward Petrie, St. Claire Co.
Treasurer—George E. Fleschner, McLean Co.

A movement to secure the passage of a bill by the Illinois General Assembly which will make the fees for Sheriff's services the same in every county in the state, was started at this morning's session of the annual convention of the Illinois Sheriff's Association, which convened yesterday.

It was shown that the present laws have really accomplished much harm to the various sheriff's offices and have in many ways hampered the proper administration of the affairs of the offices. Accordingly the old members, all of whose terms will expire in five months, decided to retain their memberships and to lend their aid in securing proper legislative relief at the coming session of the legislature. To bring about this co-operation it was decided to hold the next meeting in Springfield in January, during the early part of the next General Assembly.

The First Session.
The opening session of the convention was held in the Circuit Court rooms yesterday afternoon, and was merely a formal greeting of the guests. Commissioner A. B. Whitcombe appeared in behalf of

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ORDER JOHNSON SENT TO CAMP

The local exemption board today received a telegram from Lieut. Col. Catlin of the 161st Depot Brigade, Camp Grant, instructing them to return Corp. Robert Johnson, the colored soldier who was arrested at Amboy yesterday in an intoxicated condition, to the camp without guard, if it was considered advisable. Johnson will be given the opportunity of returning to the camp and making good with the officers.

FIVE MEN WILL LEAVE WEDNESDAY

The five limited service men drafted from Lee county for special service—Oscar E. Schoenholz, Compton; Wm. P. Burhenn, China; Fred Enichen, Francis W. Heckman and Harry F. Briscoe of Dixon—have been ordered to report to the board for roll call and instructions at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, July 30. They will leave for Syracuse, N. Y., on the Sterling passenger at 7:23 a. m. Wednesday, July 31.

FIRST DIXON BOY ON ROLL



THEO. L. TROUGH.

This Dixon young man was the first in this city to give his life in the cause of world-wide democracy. His death in a French hospital June 25th was announced this week in letters to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Trough.

FUNERAL SERVICES ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON

LAST SAD RITES FOR MRS. JULIA HOOKER TO BE HELD AT 3 P. M. SATURDAY.

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Julia Hooker will be held at 3 p. m. Saturday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. K. McGinnis, 904 Peoria avenue. Rev. J. M. Tidball of the Presbyterian church of this city, with which Mrs. Hooker was affiliated for the past 25 or more years, will conduct the services. Interment will be made in Oakwood.

Julia Marian Hooker was born in Franklin Grove March 27, 1840 and died at her home, 904 Peoria avenue, July 25, 1918, aged 78 years, 3 months and 28 days. She was the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James N. Holly, respected pioneer settlers of Franklin Grove and later of Palmyra.

Mrs. Hooker was united in marriage to Milton Santee and to this union two children were born, Helen, who died in infancy and Homer, who lived to manhood, dying at San Diego, Cal., several years ago.

Her second marriage to James Chauncey Hooker took place April 24, 1876. Two children were born, Charles Edward Hooker and Grace, Mrs. Wm. McGinnis, both of this city who with three grandchildren, Mary Hooker and Nan and John McGinnis of this city, and a sister, Mrs. Jacob Echtenach of Sterling, survive. Mrs. Echtenach is the last member of a large family.

Mrs. Hooker was an amiable and loving wife and mother and was held in high esteem by a large circle of friends who extend sincere sympathy to the relatives in their great loss. Mrs. Hooker was for many years a member of the Presbyterian church, giving it her faithful and substantial support.

RAIN AND WIND DAMAGED CROPS

The severe rain and wind storm which swept over this section yesterday afternoon caused considerable damage by blowing down the corn and beating such small grain as had not been cut flat to the ground. The damage is reported to have been especially severe east of Franklin Grove.

PEASANTS REVOLT IN THE UKRAIN

By Associated Press Leased Wire
London, July 26.—A peasant revolution has broken out in the Ukraine on a formidable scale, according to information received today. 75,000 peasants, fairly efficient troops, with officers and instructors, are advancing against German detachments, of whom some have been withdrawn before the invading peasants, retreating to Kiev. The peasants are well armed.

DOCTORS HOLD A CONSULTATION

Three doctors today are holding a consultation over the condition of James Boyer, who is critically ill.

DIXON BOY DESCRIBES TRIP TO SO. AMERICA ABOARD BATTLESHIP

Frank Gorham Writes Very Interestingly Of Trip To Chili Ports

ON FINE SHORE LEAVE

Members of Crew Were Royally Entertained While There

The following very interesting letter from Frank Gorham of the U. S. S. Vermont, written from Balboa, Panama, Canal Zone, on July 14th, 1918, has been received by his father, Thomas J. Gorham, 1101 Fourth street, and family:

Dear Folks:—

Have liberty here today so will make good use of it by starting off with a letter to all of you.

We arrived safe and sound back from Chile yesterday morning and had some wonderful trip. It is something to prize the rest of a fellow's life. In crossing the equator line every man on the ship, including all officers are initiated and believe me it was a "peach"—done by the "Neptune Party"—a bunch of thirty or more, who were all out of the crew and who had been over before. Later we received our certificates signed by the Captain, our Ambassador and King Neptune with the ship's seal to show we had been across. We were twelve days under way between here and Chile—laid over one day in a harbor on the coast of Chile with a Chinese settlement on the hills—just to kill time.

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(Continued on page 4)

DAVENPORT MAN BECOMES ILL HERE

John McFadden, a chauffeur employed by a Davenport automobile livery firm, driving a car for Theo. Cobb of the D. M. Ferry Seed Co. of Detroit, was taken ill with acute appendicitis between Dixon and Sterling this morning. He was brought to the Nachusa tavern in this city. The attending physician is of the opinion that he can be given sufficient relief to enable removing him to Davenport for an operation.

RAIN PREVENTED POSTPONED GAME

Because of the rain it was impossible to play the postponed match between the Presbyterian and Lutheran teams of the church league last evening and the contest will be played some evening next week. The Lions defeated the Lutherans 18 to 17 in their contest on Wednesday evening.

DUTCH PEOPLE GROWING RICH

By Associated Press
The Hague, July 26.—The number of "guilder" millionaires in Holland increased by sixty-one in the past year. Official figures, based on income tax assessments indicate that the individual wealth of the Dutch nation in twelve months has grown by \$21,206,400 to a total of \$3,136,000.

SECOND-HANDED FURNITURE COSTLY

By Associated Press
Amsterdam.—Second-hand furniture in Germany now brings prices several times higher than it cost when new a few years ago. The furnishings of a hotel in Frankfurt, according to the German newspapers, has been sold for \$55,000, although it cost less than \$18,000 when installed.

A BIG CHANGE IN GERMAN LAW

By Associated Press Leased Wire
London, July 26.—A striking and revolutionary political change has just been made in Germany, says a dispatch from Berne, Switzerland. Very quietly, it is added, full executive state rights have been granted to the interior general staff. This means, it is declared, that civil and military executives have been placed on an equal basis.

GETS A COMMISSION

Archie M. Hanson of Normal has been commissioned a second lieutenant in the air service of the National Army.

CITY CAR WAS OFF THE TRACK

Traffic on the S. D. & E., both city and interurban, was delayed for over half an hour last evening when a south bound city car jumped the track at the intersection of Galena avenue and River street, blocking the outbound 8 o'clock interurban car and the colony car.

ROCK RIVER ASSEMBLY TO OPEN TOMORROW

Thirty-First Annual Session Will Be Ushered In At Noon

BIG ORCHESTRA HERE

Rock River Assembly will open its 31st session tomorrow at noon. All attractions on the program are the best that money can purchase and there will not be a dead day during the entire session.

The program for the opening day, Saturday, will be as follows:

Opening Day, Saturday, July 27.

2:15 p. m.—(A) Opening Exercises, Rev. C. Edward Derr, Ph. D., presiding. Invocation, Rev. Jesse M. Tidball. Preliminary remarks and address of welcome by the president of the Assembly Board, Theodore Trough, of Sterling, Ill.

2:45 p. m.—(A) Musical concert, Goforth's Orchestra. (Six men, all fine musicians. Special solos on the flute, saxophone, xylophone and miraphone. One of the most popular of our musical attractions.)

7:30 p. m.—(A) Band Prelude. The Dixon Municipal Band.

8:15 p. m.—(A) Grand Orchestral Concert, Goforth's Orchestra.

9:30 p. m.—(A) Moving Pictures. These will be under the direction of Mr. L. C. Rorer of Dixon.

CONDEMNATION SUIT IN NOW BEING HEARD

JURY HEARING EVIDENCE IN I. C. PROCEEDINGS—VIEWED LAND TODAY.

Condemnation proceedings in which two Amboy farmers, Messrs. Walters and Dabler, and the Illinois Central Railroad company, are interested, are now being heard before Judge Crabtree in county court.

The jury selected to try the issues of land values is composed of Lew E. Edwards, John M. Sterling, John Herbst, A. E. Simonson, Jacob Lievan, W. W. Harden, A. B. Whitcombe, Thomas Long, A. F. Jeanblanc, E. B. Knight, H. W. Harms, and John H. Byers. The jury left Dixon this morning to view the land. Judge Crabtree, States Attorney Edwards and States Attorney Skinner of Bureau county and Attorney H. S. Dixon accompanied the jury. Atty. Edwards and Skinner represented the two farmers and Attorney Dixon represents the railroad company. The hearing was begun at 1:30 today. The jury is now hearing the testimony.

THE WEATHER

Friday July 26.
By Associated Press Leased Wire
Illinois: Partly cloudy tonight and on Saturday; probably thundershowers in the north and central; no decided change in temperature.

Wednesday	...84	67
Thursday	...77	66
Friday	...89	68

LOCAL Y. M. C. A. BOYS ARE HOME

Carl Santee and Harry Major of the Dixon Y. M. C. A. have returned from Lake Geneva where they have been attending the annual summer school. Mr. Santee will assist at the Dixon association the coming winter, while Mr. Major will go to Elgin, where he has accepted the physical directorship.

GERMANS KNOW ALSACE-LORRAINE

By Associated Press
New York.—Realization that the sympathy of the people of Alsace and Lorraine are with France apparently has penetrated to the minds of some of the members of the German Reichstag for according to the Cologne Gazette, Deputy Waldstein gave notice in the Reichstag in June that "many wrongs must be righted" in those provinces. Feeling of the people of Alsace and Lorraine is no longer so friendly toward Germany as before the war, he declared.

WILSON IN APPEAL TO COUNTRY TO STOP MOB LAWLESSNESS

The President Today Issued Statement On Action Against Suspects

IS NOT TRUE LIBERTY

Says Those Who Participate Are Not True Sons Of Democracy

By Associated Press Leased Wire
Washington, July 26.—President Wilson today in a personal statement addressed to his fellow countrymen, denouncing mob spirit and mob action, called upon the nation to show the world that while it fights for democracy on foreign fields it is not destroying democracy at home.

The president referred not alone to mob action against those suspected of being enemy aliens or enemy sympathizers; he denounced most emphatically mob action of all sorts, especially lynchings, and while he did not refer specifically to lynchings of negroes in the South, it is known that he included them in his characterization of mob spirit as "a blow at the heart of ordered law and humane justice."

It is known that the lynchings of negroes as well as attacks upon those suspected of being enemies or sympathizers have been used by the German propaganda throughout Central and South America as well as in Europe, to contend that the pretensions of the United States as a champion of democracy are a sham. Deeply

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VICKSBURG BOARD FIXES DEDICATION

MONUMENTS OF ILLINOIS HEROES TO BE DEDICATED AT PARK NOV. 13.

Col. C. H. Noble, president of the Vicksburg Commission, returned today from a several days' conference at Springfield between the members of the commission, the Governor and the Adjutant General. The date fixed by the state officials and the members of the commission was Nov. 13, at which time the monuments of Generals Grant, McArthur, Logan, John E. Smith, Carr and Dennis will be dedicated. The program will be arranged later.

Mr. Noble says that the farmers in the vicinity of Springfield and Bloomington are threshing their grain. He also said that yesterday it did not rain south of Bloomington.

WAR MOTHERS AGAIN ASK SOLDIERS' NAMES

LOCAL SOCIETY VERY DESIROUS OF OBTAINING DATA CONCERNING OUR TROOPS

A meeting of the War Council of Mothers will be held at G. A. R. Hall Tuesday. The body is very desirous of obtaining the name of every boy in the county who is in the service of his country, together with the data concerning it, the date of enlistment or draft, the name of parents, and the office or rank held. Every relative of soldier, marine, or U. S. seaman, should transmit this information at the earliest opportunity either to Mrs. E. L. Kling, the president, Mrs. Tyron Rosbrook, or Mrs. Thomas Clayton, of Dixon. The record book the council is keeping has so far 1175 names, five of which are on the roll of honor with gold stars attached.

KING'S WINE IS SOLD FOR CHARITY

By Associated Press
London, July 26.—A wagon load of wines from the cellars of Buckingham Palace, contributed by King George V as a gift to the Red Cross, was sold at auction here the other day and brought a total of \$8,500. The royal champagne fetched \$100 a dozen bottles, while \$125 a dozen was paid for a royal sherry dating back to 1841.

MAKE AIRPLANE FOR POPULAR USE

By Associated Press
London, July 26.—An English airplane factory proposes after the war to manufacture a standardized airplane for popular use, which it expects to be able to put on the market at a uniform price of \$500.

Charles Smith was here from Amboy today.

ALLIES CONTINUE TO CLOSE IN ON GERMAN ARMIES IN SALIENT

Villemontoire and Oulchy-La-Chateau Have Been Captured By Frano-American Forces, Which Swept On To Eastward—Battles In Heavy Woods Are Violent—Allies Bring Up Big Guns and Harrass Entire Soissons-Rheims Salient

BULLETIN.

(Associated Press Leased Wire.)

With the French Army, July 26, Noon.—With the capture today of Oulchy Le Chateau the allies are nearing the summit of the plateau overlooking Fere-en-Tardenois. Further north the capture of Villamontoire after fighting of the most desperate character in the streets and deep caverns nearby.

East of Rheims the French, under command of General Gourand have recovered virtually the entire line of advance posts they abandoned when the Germans made their first onslaught on the night of July 14. The famous Main de Massiges which marked the eastern extremity of the Germans' offensive line, is again in allied possession. Everywhere in this region the ground is covered with German bodies which the enemy have been unable to bury since they suffered such tremendous losses from the allied artillery when they commenced their assault on the French.

BULLETIN.

(Associated Press Leased Wire)

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne Front, July 26, 2 P. M.—Franco-American troops on the front northeast of Chateau Thierry are moving further forward. All along the front to the east the movement is likewise.

The allies at one point attained an objective a kilometre away. Clinging desperately to the hills and woods the Germans are using their artillery, machine guns, air forces and gas shells in an effort to hamper the allied advance.

By Associated Press Leased Wire

Villemontoire, a town a little more than 5 miles south of Soissons, has been taken by the French and Americans while further to the south the allies have captured Oulchy-Le-Chateau and have swept on to the eastward of that town.

Between the Ourcq and the Marne the Americans are pressing hard against the enemy line and have cleared the south half of La Fere forest, which brings them up to about 4 miles directly south of the vital town of Fere En Tardenois, on the center road leading back out of the arne salient and through which the German forces along the southwest sector of the line must retreat.

Ris forest, further to the southeast toward the Marne, is also being emptied of the Germans.

The capture of Villemontoire and Oulchy-Le-Chateau seems to show that General Mangin, while keeping up the pressure all along the line, is able to concentrate large forces at vital points, the loss of which are a menace to the Germans.

Villamontoire is on the Chateau Thierry road, to the south of Buzancy, which has been unofficially reported as having been taken by the allies. Its capture marks a new step in the process of closing the mouth of the bag in which the Germans are struggling.

The fall of Oulchy-Le-Chateau takes from the Germans the pivot on which their retirement further south has been swinging. It is a severe loss to the enemy and was sternly defended.

The French official statement says that the allies have advanced to the east of this town, which brings them to the vicinity of Hill 150, a dominating height in that region which would give the allies an observation point over long reaches of the Ourcq valley.

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SERVICE FLAG REGULATIONS

These Are Not Official But They Have the Approval of the Adjutant General

Many inquiries concerning proper use of the service flag reach the State Council of Defense. In answer to all of them the publicity department states that there are no official rules or regulations covering use of the service flag, because the service flag itself is unofficial. However, the following, prepared in the Judge Advocate General's office, with the approval of the Adjutant General of the army:

Entitled to a star—All officers and enlisted men of the regular army, the regular army reserve, the officer's reserve corps, and the enlisted reserve corps; of the national guard and the national guard reserve recognized by the Militia Bureau of the war department; of the navy, the marine corps and the coast guard; of the naval militia, naval reserve force, the marine corps reserve, and national naval volunteers recognized by the navy department; officers only of the public health service, detailed by the secretary of the treasury for duty either with the army or with the navy; personnel of lighthouse service and of coast guard geodetic survey transferred by the president to the service and jurisdiction of war or navy department; members of the nurse corps, army field clerks, field clerks of the quartermaster corps, civilian clerks and military employes on duty with the military forces detailed for service abroad in accordance with the provisions of existing law; members of any other body who have heretofore or may hereafter become a part of the military or naval forces of the United States.

The term "military service" as used in this definition shall signify active service in any branch of service heretofore mentioned or referred to, but reserves and persons on the retired list shall not be included in the term "persons in military service" until ordered to active service.

Men attending officers' training camps of the United States army or navy cantonments, camps or forts are in the active military service.

While it is not intended to minimize the work done by persons connected with or of assistance to the

military or naval service, but not a part of it, members of the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., K. C., Jewish Welfare board, and like organizations are not to be represented on the service flag.

No objection is seen to extending the service flag honor to those in the service of our allies.

Meaning of the stars—(a) A blue star is used to represent each person, man or woman, in the military or naval service of the U. S.

(b) For those killed in action a gold star will be substituted for the blue star, or superimposed on it, entirely covering it.

(c) For those wounded in action a silver star will be substituted for the blue star, or superimposed on it, entirely covering it. Use of this star would be limited to those entitled to the official wound chevron which is awarded to those receiving wounds in action with the enemy or disabled by a gas attack, necessitating treatment by a medical officer.

(d) For those who subsequently die from such wound or gas disability, the gold star will be superimposed on the silver, leaving a margin of silver around the gold.

(e) For those disabled or invalidated home by injury or disease incurred in the line of duty, a silver star will be superimposed on the blue, leaving a margin of blue around the silver.

(f) For those who subsequently die as a result of such accident or disease contracted in line of duty, a gold star will be substituted for this silver star, or superimposed on it, covering the silver entirely, but leaving a margin of blue.

(g) Men reported missing are presumed to have been taken prisoner, and should continue to be represented by the blue star.

(h) Men discharged, not for the good of the service or on request or resignation but from wounds or physical incapacity contracted in the line of duty, shall continue to be represented by the silver star. When discharged for other causes they would appear to be thereafter no more entitled to representation than others not in the military service.

JAPAN TO SEND MOST OF FORCE TO GO TO AID OF THE RUSSIANS

Americans and Other Allies To Furnish Troops To Aid Expedition

DECISION IS COMING

U. S. May Send Division Of Veterans From The Philippines

BULLETIN
By Associated Press Leased Wire
London, July 26.—It is announced officially here that Japan has decided to accept the American proposal to assist the Czech-Slovak armies in Siberia.

Washington, D. C., July 25.—Complete agreement has been reached by the United States with Japan and the entente allies upon a plan of intervention in Russia to assist the Russian people and to expel the Hun.

President Wilson has received the reply of the Japanese government accepting the American proposals. The agreement includes the following provisions:

Japan will furnish the major portion of the military forces.

The United States and the entente allies will be represented by military forces.

The United States undertakes to furnish economic assistance to Russia on a vast scale.

The troops of Japan and all allied nations will be withdrawn from Russia, including Siberia, upon the conclusion of peace.

Soon to Announce Decision
The agreement which concludes three months of negotiations among the allies, but principally between Washington and Tokyo, will be announced by President Wilson within a few days, possibly tomorrow.

Mr. Wilson conferred upon the matter with Acting Secretary of State Polk today.

Neither the U. S. nor the allies will be deterred from the step they are about to take by the threats of the Bolsheviks against the anti-German alliance.

Lenine's pronouncement that the landing of allied forces on the Murman coast constitutes an act of war and that the Russian government will act accordingly, caused no surprise in Washington. There have been rumors for several days that the Bolsheviks were about to make such a decision, which the officials here believe was inspired by the Germans.

Fears for France.
The original protest of the Bolsheviks upon the landing of the allied troops at Kola and the occupation of the peninsula reached the state department several weeks ago but no attention was paid to it because the U. S. has not recognized the Bolshevik government.

No word has been received directly from Ambassador Francis, and there is a feeling of apprehension in official circles here regarding his position. It is known that efforts to get messages through to Mr. Francis within the last few days failed.

The Bolsheviks are in control of Volodga, where Ambassador Francis was at last accounts. The official opinion here is that the Bolshevik government may hand the ambassador his passports and order him out of the country, though such action would not be countenanced under international law.

Counts on Russian Aid.
So far as Bolshevik enmity to the allies is concerned, the president is confident that the assistance to be given Russia will disarm suspicion and cause a revulsion of sentiment throughout the republic against the elements now dominated by Germany.

It was learned on high authority today that while the situation created by the activities of 50,000 Czech-Slovak soldiers scattered across Siberia and into European Russia as far as Samara radically modified the position of the allied nations, the allied expedition will be primarily in the interests of Russia, and the relief to the Czech-Slovak troops will be merely an incident.

While modification of the proposal by President Wilson may have been suggested by the Japanese government, it was stated in diplomatic circles that the agreement was reached after problems of the greatest diplomatic significance had been solved.

No Grab By Japan.
Whether northern Manchuria, Russia's sphere in Chinese territory is relinquished by Russia and reverts to China, or becomes a Japanese sphere, it is known that Japan will not seek to retain any Russian territory and will withdraw her forces from Siberia together with those of the other allied countries and of the United States when the objects of the expedition shall have been realized.

Great secrecy is being observed with regard to the military dispositions to be made, but, according to intelligence obtained in well informed quarters, it is indicated that the movement will begin within two weeks.

It is not impossible that the transportation of Japanese forces to Siberia has already begun, as it is the common understanding among the allies that the aid must be furnished to Russia at the earliest moment possible.

The military movement, it is understood, will extend along both branches of the Siberian railroad to

Chita, where a second phase of the operations will develop, carrying the allied forces to Irkutsk beyond Lake Baikal, which is nearly half way across Siberia. Eastern Siberia will rapidly be restored to order, the expedition operating in conjunction with the local governments, which will administer the civil laws.

May Patch East Front.
The extension of the military activities to the Ural mountains, bordering European Russia, will await developments. It is believed in some allied quarters that the advance of the expedition to European Russia would hasten the solution of the Russian problem and also expedite the reorganization of an eastern allied front.

It is considered probable China will participate in the expedition into Siberia, both with provisions and troops.

It has not been divulged to what extent the British and French will participate in the campaign in Siberia, but it is certain that their naval forces in the far east will be used in the operations, and possibly contingents of troops from the British and French possessions in Asia will be employed.

The U. S. might make use in Siberia of a division of troops from the Philippine islands, most of these being veterans.

Specialists in real estate can be of great service to you if you have property to sell. But you must cooperate by authorizing an adequate expenditure for advertising. Not to do this is to handicap them—to assure delay—to fail to find the best market for your property. Why not try an ad in THE TELEGRAPH?

NOTION PICTURES TO AID NATIONS' LEAGUE

Writer in London Paper Predicts Cinema Will Play Big Part

By Associated Press
Washington, July 26.—"It is through the cinema that the nations of the world will get to understand each other; the cinema will be a tremendous power in cementing the projected league of nations which is to maintain a world peace," declared a writer in the London Evening News urging that British motion picture manufacturers should best themselves to overcome American "domination" of the market. Calling attention to the powerful influence of the screen in affecting the thought of the public, the writer further demands that the government, possibly through the Colonial Office, should assist in pushing British films on the markets of the Empire and see that "the heart of England is not American."

"Ninety per cent of the ideals and sentiment emanating from British screens is American," the writer continued, according to a copy of the article transmitted in official dispatches to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. "We shouldn't grumble, I am sure, if 10 per cent of the ideals and one per cent of the sentiment shown on American screens were British. But they are not. American ideals and sentiment dominate the screens of the whole world."

"The British dominions, as far as the cinema is concerned, are in the hands of the cinema 'kings' of the United States, some of them of German origin, but as keenly American as any to see the Stars and Stripes flutter on the screens of the world. There are few pictures nowadays in which 'Old Glory' does not get a look-in."

"Americanization of the world through the moving picture has been going on for the past four years. American ideals, the American flag, railway stock, motor cars, police courts, flood the screens. To the people of the British Empire, the greatest men of all time are George Washington and Abraham Lincoln. Nelson, Drake and Wellington have no place on the screen."

Canadian pictures are almost wholly made in America, the writer asserts. Australia will have none of British pictures, except topical films, and there also is no market for the British product in New Zealand. India is the one "bright spot" in the Empire where British films are welcomed.

"Let us have some reciprocity with America," the article concludes. "Let us exchange our pictures and learn of one another. It is that or the Americanization or Germanization of the world through the cinema. And it is going to have a big effect."

JOFFRE'S CHIEF OF STAFF WRITES OF WAR

Lieut. Col. Fabry Released From Active Service On Account of Wounds

IS FINE JOURNALIST

By Associated Press
Paris, July 26.—After a long period of anonymity made necessary because of his active connection with the army, Lieutenant Colonel Fabry, chief of staff to Marshal Joffre and his companion on the Marshall's visit to America, has come out under his own name in the new Paris daily, "Ouil." He will hereafter write the trenchant military criticisms under his own name rather than as "Bouchavesnes," whose identity has always puzzled the readers of "Ouil" quite as much as the articles have pleased them.

Lieutenant Colonel Fabry retires from the regular army in consequence of his many serious injuries while fighting. He has become one of the principal editors of "Ouil," with the direct, though it is said reluctant, permission of Marshal

Joffre, who deeply regrets having to part with his faithful chief of staff. Lieutenant Colonel Fabry's war record is as brilliant as his journalistic work. At the beginning of the war he was a captain of the staff of General Dubail, the recently supplanted military governor of Paris. He wanted a more active life, and was transferred to the command of the 23rd battalion of the famous Alpine Chasseurs.

He led them through battles in the Woeuvre, at St. Mihiel, Ypres, Dixmude, Arras and in the Vosges, and at Reichsackerkopf was so seriously wounded that one leg was amputated. He was carried to a hospital and lay there for fifteen months before recovering. His life was despaired of at times, but his indomitable grit and pluck carried him through.

Discharged from the hospital, he amazed even his friends by expressing a desire to continue on active service of some kind. Marshal Joffre called him in as chief of staff and the colonel has been constantly with the "grand old man," "Papa" Joffre ever since.

As "Bouchavesnes" he has achieved a reputation as a military critic and has done much to build up the circulation of "Ouil."

SEVENTY-ONE PUPILS OF LEE CO. SCHOOLS PERFECT ATTENDANCE

County Supt. Miller Submits Fine Reports of Rural Schools Pupils

The following named pupils have been neither absent nor tardy during the past school year:

Dist. No. 7.—Pupils, Carrie Heckman, Charles Heckman; Teacher, Mrs. Guy E. Moulton.

Dist. No. 18.—Pupils, Esther Laursen, Mildred Laursen; Teacher, Lucie M. Power.

Dist. No. 21.—Pupils, Vernon Muerer; Teacher, Bertha H. Kilmer.

Dist. No. 34.—Pupils, Elwin J. Levan, Elmer A. Levan, Frank Janssen, Katherine Janssen; Teacher, Francis M. Levan.

Dist. No. 35.—Pupils, Leo G. Brechon, Henry G. Brechon, Alice L. Brechon, Sylvia L. Brechon, Frances A. Brechon; Teacher, Julia Brechon.

Dist. No. 37.—Pupils, Bessie Blackburn, Adaline Blackburn; Teacher, Agnes M. Garland.

Dist. No. 53.—Pupils, Ernest Morris, Everett Feldkirchmer; Teacher, Bessie Feldkirchmer.

Dist. No. 60.—Pupil, Herman Schafer; Teacher, Marcella G. Kirby.

Dist. No. 66.—Pupils, Sylvane Haefer, Sylvester Haefer, Pearl Lawson, Florence Jones, Clara Lawson, Leitha Haefer; Teacher, Anna E. Miller.

Dist. No. 81.—Pupil, Zita Henry; Teacher, Clara Bode.

Dist. No. 87.—Pupil, Alice Mall; Teacher, Rose Nerstad.

Dist. No. 88.—Pupils, Hellen Hoover, Irene Hoover, Pearl Krug, Alvin Krug, Mae Aschenbrenner; Teacher, Ada Vogel.

Dist. No. 90.—Pupils, Esthel Jones, Margaret Jones, Lester Aschenbrenner, (not tardy); Teacher, Mattie C. Perry.

Dist. No. 93.—Pupil, Albert Hill

Teacher, Florence Shantz.
Dist. No. 95.—Pupils, Bernice Conibear, Cornelia Conibear, Marjorie Conibear; Teacher, Henry W. Hicks.

Dist. No. 97.—Pupils, Vida Edwards, Ione Biggart; Teacher, Anna S. Hayes.

Dist. No. 103.—Pupils, Clara E. Billings, John Tlouffer; Teacher, Mary C. Hyde.

Dist. No. 113.—Pupils, Irene Doede, Ilia Ewald, Clinton Doede; Teacher, Ella M. Hart.

Dist. No. 114.—Pupils, Clarence Ewald, Lucile; Teacher, Carrie I. Caldwell.

Dist. No. 115.—Pupil, Milford Danekas; Teacher, Irene Coleman.

Dist. No. 128.—Pupils, Helen Fox, Fae Butler; Teacher, Flora L. Seals.

Dist. No. 128.—Pupils, Evelyn Burd, Roland Abel; Teacher, Faunetta Thompson.

Dist. No. 130.—Pupils, Helen Fassig, Carl Fassig, Liddle Langbein; Teacher, Helen Pomeroy.

Dist. No. 131.—Pupils, Oliver Jeanblanc, Laetitia Jeanblanc, Albert Barnikel, Ruth Schnuckel, Charles Schnuckel; Teacher, Any E. Eddy.

Dist. No. 136.—Pupil, Mary Johnson; Teacher, Clara Trottnow.

Dist. No. 139.—Pupil, Sigvard Tweten; Teacher, Beatrice Eden.

Dist. No. 151.—Pupils, Agnes Truckenbrod, Edgar Truett, Louise Walter, Marie Walter, E. E. Larabee.

Dist. No. 153.—Pupils, Olive Barnett; Teacher, Mabel Burnett.

Dist. No. 206.—Pupils, Marie Folkers, Helen Folkers, Mable Folkers; Teacher, Katherine Aileen Tyne.

SUBLETTE

Mrs. Winn Wasson and son are here from Franklin Grove this week visiting with her sister, Mrs. Frank Gagstetter.

A. A. Lauer has accepted a position in the Amboy State bank and will move to that city.

Mrs. Stewart and daughter of Chicago are guests at the home of A. J. Long.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Abell spent last Sunday at the Peter Steder home in Dixon.

Miss Tillie Kuehna of Chicago is spending her vacation with home folks.

Mrs. George Schmeier and son visited at the Ben Full home on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Foy motored to Aurora last Sunday to visit with relatives.

Misses Marie and Carrie Full went to Chicago on Wednesday to visit relatives.

Mrs. John Lux and daughters of Chicago are spending their vacation at the G. M. Reis home.

S. C. Loeffelman spent last week at Henry, Ill. on business.

John Kellen and daughter, Mrs. A. Zolper and sons of Mendota spent a few days last week visiting at the J. F. Goy home.

George Loeffelman died on July 22nd of acute dilatation of the heart following typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. William Meyers have a twilight-sleep baby girl, born July 19 at the Sublette hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Holthe Bonnell are

the parents of a son born at the pital July 17.
Mr. and Mrs. H. Voight of visited at the John Sullivan home day.

Miss Dorothy Ulch is visiting aunt, Mrs. Gug Peterson at Ber for a few weeks.

Mrs. George Bieber returned after a month's visit with her ents at Avoca, Minn.

Miss Alice Brunning of Odo la., called on relatives here week.

Mrs. S. Whitney and daughter Kansas City, Mo., are visiting at Frank Kellen home.

Misses Mildred and Ella T. are spending a few weeks in Men with relatives.

Mrs. Charles Lett and daughter Mrs. Joseph Lett spent the ter part of the week at the Max in Dixon.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bansen in LaSalle Sunday.

Simple Elegance

A ceremony of quiet, simple gance dignifies your farewell departed one. We make a cor ent charge for such a service. us advise you. Our wide experi will be of value to you and we only charge you for our actual ice.

C. CONNERMAN

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS
AMBULANCE SERVICE
Phones 170, 993, 210.

WHY THAT LAME PA

That morning lameness — sharp pains when bending or lifting, make work a burden and rest insible. Don't be handicapped by a back-look to your kidneys. You make no mistake by following Dixon resident's example:

Mrs. J. R. Blackburn, 216 E. S St., says: "I take Doan's Kid Pills when I am troubled by my neys and they always relieve me have at times suffered from an ing, dull pains through my kidn which have been worse after tea cold and have caused my kidney be disordered. I have always a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at S ling & Sterling's Drug Store at times and after using them at the trouble has disappeared. I told lots of people what Doan's ney Pills have done for me and ways recommend them."

60c at all dealers. Foster-Mill Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

PRIESTS SPEAK AGAINST FEINERS

By Associated Press
Dublin, July 26.—Some of the older Irish priests, particularly in County Wexford, have been speaking out strongly against the Sinn Feiners. Very Rev. Canon Welsh, presiding at a meeting of the Cross-abeg and Ballymurn branch of the United Irish League, said the prospect before Ireland was a gloomy one, as the "criminal lunacy of Sinn Fein" was turning all Ireland's friends against her. By insulting and trampling upon the American flag and cheering for Emperor William, he said, the "unruly Sinn Fein faction" was turning the French Republic, the American nation and the English democracy into bitter enemies of Ireland.

Rather than gain independence for Ireland they were more likely to gain twenty years of coercion and martial law, if any general support were accorded by Irishmen to the antics of the "miserable faction" whose record, said Canon Welsh, so far, was one of dissention, disruption and disaster. The democracy

of England, he continued, was favorably disposed toward Irishmen and was willing to do them justice, but they would never consent to the sheer lunacy of total separation and, until the evil spirit of Sinn Fein was banished from the land, Ireland would labor under the yoke of oppression.

Resolutions were passed at the meeting condemning the latest German outrage in murdering seven innocent fishermen off the Galway coast; and denouncing the Gaelic League as a "feeder of Sinn Fein."

GERMAN SUPPLY OF SPUDS GONE

By Associated Press
New York—Secretary Stegeward, of the German War Food Board announced in a meeting in Dresden, that Germany's supply of potatoes was not quite sufficient to last until the next harvest, according to the Berlin Tageblatt.

He added that the supply of sugar and early vegetables met the requirements better than last year but the shortage of meats and fats was greater. Owing to the shortage of food it is proposed to restrict tourists in Bavarian communities, says the Tageblatt.

London—Wireless operators on American and other ships crossing the Atlantic at night frequently "pick up" orders being sent by the German admiralty to submarines at sea. The messages are in code, of course, and the submarines never acknowledge receipt of the orders because if they did some warship of the enemy might get a clue as to the location of one or more of the under-sea boats.

These messages to the submarines are from Nauem, a small town near Spandau where Germany has its great wireless station. Electrical waves produced there will reach some 6,000 miles.

Nine towers are in use, the highest being 850 feet. Last year Nauem sent to the outside world almost 5,000,000,000 words for the German government.

NOVEL CAUSED IRISH TROUBLE

By Associated Press
Dublin, July 26.—The Irish Times records disturbances in Westmeath provoked solely by a novel written by Brinsley Macnamara, a native of Devlin. The book is full of local color and the inhabitants visited their indignation on the father of the author, who is a local schoolmaster, and attempted to evict him from the school. They were not successful, but they prevented their children from attending the school, which is now practically closed. The population is, however, not united in apensionship and the event has led to proof of these methods of literary the breaking up of the local Sinn Fein and Volunteer organizations, the leaders of which discouraged the protests.

—The Evening Telegraph is 15c a week, delivered at your door by carrier, and \$4.00 a year by mail in Lee and adjoining counties.

Do you need letter heads? Then call No. 5, The B. F. Shaw Ptg. Co.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Need Help to Pass the Crisis Safely—Proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Can be Relied Upon.

Urbana, Ill.—"During Change of Life, in addition to its annoying symptoms, I had an attack of grippe which lasted all winter and left me in a weakened condition. I felt at times that I would never be well again. I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it did for women passing through the Change of Life, so I told my doctor I would try it. I soon began to gain in strength and the annoying symptoms disappeared and your Vegetable Compound has made me a well, strong woman so I do my own housework. I cannot recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly to women passing through the Change of Life."

—Mrs. FRANK HENSON, 1316 S. Orchard St., Urbana, Ill.

Women who suffer from nervousness, "heat flashes," headache, headaches and "the blues" should try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

FOR SKIN ERUPTIONS

Nothing heals and clears the skin of infants and children like

Sykes Comfort Powder

which contains harmless antiseptic healing ingredients not found in any other powder. Get it at the Vinal and other drug stores.

The Comfort Powder Co., Boston, Mass.

HOTEL New SOUTHERN

Michigan Boulevard at 13th St. CHICAGO

One and one-half blocks from Central Station, Terminal of Illinois Central, Big Four, and Michigan Central Lines

Efficient, hospitable service, without showy luxury. Within easy reach of "The Loop," Chicago's business, shopping and theatre district.

Moderate rates: Room with detached shower \$1.00 a day; room with private bath \$1.50 to \$2.50 a day; for two persons \$2.50 to \$3.50 a day. 300 rooms.

Excellent cuisine, moderate prices. Meals in Cafe, Grill and Coffee Shop.

L. C. PRANZ, Pres. and Mgr.
Old Southern Hospitality in New Southern Hotel

Save

Your Strength By Conserving Your Nervous Energy

For Nervousness or Sleeplessness, Try

Dr. Miles Nervine

A Nerve Sedative containing Ingredients recognized by Specialists as having great value in the Treatment of Nervous Diseases.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Mr. Grain Producer

As the threshing season is at hand, now is the time to look over your insurance policies to ascertain amount of insurance on grain. No doubt, you will be underinsured.

We are prepared to insure grain for any term from one day to five years, at a very small cost.

Don't put this off until too late !!

F. X. Newcomer Company
The Service Agency

Your Money Transactions

Can be safely handled through this bank with the aid of a Checking Account, which has become a necessity to everyone as business is done today!

This bank is strong, its service prompt, its facilities excellent.

Let us add your name to its growing list of depositors.

Make This Bank Your Bank

SOCIETY

COMING EVENTS

Friday.
Picnic Supper, Country Club.
M. E. Foreign Missionary Picnic.
Mrs. J. W. Wadd, Assembly Park.
St. Ann's Guild, St. Luke's Church.

To Carnival.
Misses Ruth and Seville Crawford and Katherine Rogers and Messrs. Perry, Claire and Austin, of Chicago, attended the carnival at Fock Falls Wednesday and Thursday in Grand Detour at the Sheffield. The young gentlemen are with the St. James choir camping near the Assembly.

In Nachusa.
Mrs. Winbert of this city was the guest of Miss Anna Emmert, in Nachusa Thursday.

To Los Angeles.
D. O. Hoover and son, who have been visiting at the home of Mr. Hoover's sister, Mrs. John Honeycutt, of Amboy, the past month, leave Friday for their home in Los Angeles.

Social at St. James.
A fairly successful social was held at the Brick schoolhouse on Wednesday night, although the heavy rainstorm in the earlier evening kept many away. About \$27 was taken in from the sale of ice cream. The net proceeds go to the ladies of the St. James church.

Scramble Supper.
A number of the members of the Moose lodge and their families enjoyed a scramble supper and social evening, with games and music, in the Moose clubrooms Wednesday evening.

From Valparaiso.
Hugh Senneff, who is in training at Valparaiso, Indiana, is home for a visit with his wife and baby daughter at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gonnerman, and with his people, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Senneff.

Oak Forest Red Cross.
Members of the Oak Forest unit, Red Cross, met yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Ira Rutt. Thirteen were present and these followed the example of the Prairieville Social circle and Wolverine Red Cross unit by unanimously agreeing not to cook suppers for threshers during harvest. It was also decided not to have meetings during the remainder of the threshing season, but Mrs. John T. Lawrence Sr. will have articles from the Red Cross shop, on hand and those desiring to continue sewing at home may call at her home. The work of Wednesday was the making of a dozen surgical shirts.

At Stephens Home.
Robert Cowles of Bloomington last evening joined his wife for a visit at the Dr. Stephens home.

To Chicago.
Miss Irene Hatch went to Chicago today for a short visit.

Law nSocial.
The social to have been given on the lawn of the M. E. church last evening has been postponed until tomorrow evening. Ice cream will be served and the public is invited.

To Pennsylvania.
Warren Logue, who has been visiting his uncle, Harry Ream, at Brownstead for two weeks, returned today to Belle Vernon, Pa.

With Relatives.
Miss Rorer of Chicago is a guest at the home of her nephew and niece, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Shaw, 424 Eighth street.

Send the Evening Telegraph to your soldier boy. It is as good as a letter from home.

BY MAIL.
The Dixon Evening Telegraph in Lee and adjoining counties, \$4.00 a year in advance.

FRAIL Girls
—the pale, timid sort—are short in vitality. Proper glasses and suitable food are wonder workers for such.

Dr. W. F. Aydelotte
Neurologist and Health Instructor
223 Crawford Ave., Dixon, Illinois.
Phone 160 for Appointments

NOTICE
Although everything connected with my business has advanced, my prices remain the same:
Plain shampoo, 50c; with hot oil or witch hazel, 75c.
Curling and dressing 10c to 25c extra.
Hair dressing, 25c to 50c.
Facial massage, \$1.00 per hour.
Facial massage, per half hour, 50c.
Switches made from combs, 10c, per ounce, 50c.
FLORENCE E. DUSTMAN
Beauty Shop

Palmyra Mutual Aid.
A pleasant meeting of the Palmyra Mutual Aid was held Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Bert Pearl, with twenty members and quite a number of young people present. Pajamas were made during the afternoon and four of these were nearly completed. At noon an excellent scramble luncheon was enjoyed. The society voted to give \$25, the same amount given to the Red Cross, to the Council of National Defense. The next meeting will be held in three weeks with Mrs. Jack Meyers, of Everett Street, Dixon.

At the Pines.
Mr. and Mrs. George Schmidt, Mr. and Mrs. Phil Woolever, and their guests, Atty. and Mrs. Hamilton and daughters, of Chicago, picnicked at The Pines Wednesday.

In Polo.
Atty. and Mrs. Hamilton and children, of Chicago, went to Polo Wednesday evening where they were guests at the Frank Gilbert home. The children remained there while Atty. and Mrs. Hamilton drove on to Clinton, Ia., Thursday.

St. James Red Cross.
Members of the St. James Red Cross met Wednesday with Mrs. Royster and sewed for the refugees in France. The next meeting will be in two weeks, August 8th at the Red Cross shop in Dixon.

Illini Hall Tonight.
The dancing party at Illini Hall, Grand Detour, tonight promises to be an enjoyable affair and a large crowd is expected from Dixon and surrounding towns. Good music will be provided and a cordial invitation is extended to everyone.

With Granddaughter.
Mrs. Susan Brooks is visiting her granddaughter, Mrs. John Boucher, of Oak Forest for two or three weeks while her son, Attorney Clarence Brooks is away from home on business.

At Lodge.
Miss Frances O'Malley is spending some time at Graybill lodge, Lowell park, a guest of her school friend, Miss Marion Smith, who is a niece of Mrs. Graybill.

Rebekah Meeting.
A regular meeting of Minnie Bell Rebekah lodge will be held this evening in I. O. O. F. hall.

Benefit a Success.
The ladies of the Lincoln unit Red Cross, are jubilant today over the success of the basket social given last evening at the Spencer Henderson home to obtain a benefit fund for the August contingent of boys who are to enter the National army. By 8 o'clock, the hour announced for the opening of the program, a large crowd had gathered. Every number on the program was enjoyable and heartily applauded. Of the program were two highly pleasing piano duets, the first given by Mrs. Underwood and daughter Miss Mary, and the second by Mrs. Ray Carson and Miss Hazel Boese. Several vocal numbers, which delighted the audience, were given by Miss Seville Crawford and three young men.

Few Specials for SATURDAY
Cash and Carry Prices

Swift Sugar Cured Hams, 6 to 8 lb. average 25c
Any cut best steer pot roast 28c
Lean RIB boil, lb. 21c
Round steak, lb. 35c
Fresh Pork Butts 28c
Home pickled shoulders 30c
Dixie bacon squares 33c
Sweet Pickled Side Pork, lb. 33c
Home-made pork sausage, no cereal, per lb. 27c
Home made bologna, no cereal 28c
Fresh Hog Liver, lb. 9c
Spare ribs, 2 lbs. 35c
Hamburger steak, per lb. 27c
Fresh Beef Tongues, lb. 27c
Hearts, per lb. 16c
Beef liver, per lb. 17c
Pickled pig's feet, lb. 16c
Smoked pork butts, no bone, lb. 38c
Plenty of stewing or roasting chickens

GROCERY SPECIALS
Veribest coffee, lb. 22c
5 lbs. \$1.00
Best navy beans 14c
Noodles, Spaghetti and Macaroni 9c
Pancy 1-lb. tall can Red Salmon 28c
Best quality rice, lb. 11c
Armour's Very Best and Borden's Peerless milk, 3 for 35c
Bulk Pickles and Olives—Good Fresh Stock
Fresh crop baby lima beans, lb. 16c
Watch for ham sale next week. Deliveries All Over Town

CHICAGO MARKET
HENRY ABT. Prop.
205 FIRST ST.
PHONE 305

Messrs. Klahre, Perry and Austin, members of the camp of St. James choir of Chicago. The latter, who is chorister of the Church of the Good Shepherd, also gave several piano solos. Recitations by little Miss Avis LieVan and Dorothy Hoover afforded much pleasure. The readings by Mrs. Albertine McKenney were delightful. Hon. J. P. Devine gave a very pleasing patriotic address.

At the close of the program came the sale of baskets and the company certainly went "over the top" in purchasing them. Auctioneer Ira Rutt had good buyers. The basket bringing the highest price was that made by Miss Viola Fleming of Dixon, which was sold to George Crawford for \$25.50. The total sum netted from the auction was \$125, which was much more than the ladies of the unit had even dared to hope for and they are very grateful to those who made donations, to the buyers, and to everyone who made the evening one of profit as well as pleasure. Mr. Fleming of Dixon donated a box of cookies which brought \$6.50. Among the donations were spring chickens given by Mrs. Ray McCune. One of these netted \$2.50.

That the hearts of all present are with our soldiers who are willing to give their lives for the protection of our hearths, was evident. The evening closed with a piano and cornet duet by Mrs. Underwood and her son Warner Underwood and the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner."

Dedicate Service Flag.
In an impressive service held last evening at Knights of Columbus hall after the business session, the W. C. O. F. dedicated its service flag bearing 33 stars.

After singing America, with Mrs. Max Blass at the piano, Rev. Father Foley gave an inspiring address. Miss Bessie Denny sang "God Be With Our Boys Tonight" with an expression of feeling that found echo in all hearts. Harry Kelly gave a recitation on the service flag which was well received. A second major address was given by Atty. J. E. Erwin, always a fluent and masterly speaker. Mrs. Max Blass gave a delightful solo and The Star Spangled Banner ended the musical program.

The service flag was presented during a flag drill by Miss Bessie Kennedy and received by Mrs. Elizabeth Haley, Chief Ranger of the order. Those taking part in the drill were the color bearers, Miss Anna Blackburn and Mrs. Monahan, who bore the U. S. flag, and Mesdames Pett, McCoy, Schweinsberg and Minnehan, who bore the large service flag. Refreshments were served by the committee, Mrs. Sheehan, Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. Gorham and Mrs. Schweinsberg, at the close of the program.

The 33 stars represent sons, brothers or husbands of the members of the order, as follows:

Frank McCoy, Lawrence McCoy, Walter Barry, Thomas Barry, John Sheehan, Wm. Loftus, Wm. Root, Jr. Dan O'Malley, Joseph Keenan, Harold McIntyre, Frank McIntyre, John McIntyre, Joseph Gannon, Joseph O'Malley, Wm. Penrose, Richard Long, Daniel McIntyre, George Hilliker, Charles Nagle, Charles Murphy, Henry Murphy, Wm. Kennedy, Philip Reilly, Wm. Reilly, Edwin Collins, George Downey, John Palmer, Leo Berard, George Berard, Frank McCarthy, Edward Mealey, John Lynch, Paul Smith, Bartholomew Blackburn, Joseph Clark, Royal Fitzsimmons, Harry Hogan.

Porch Party.
The Sunday school classes of girls of the M. E. Sunday school taught by Miss Ethel Leake and Mrs. Thomas Clayton, on Wednesday evening enjoyed a porch party and supper at the home of Mrs. Clayton on Peoria avenue. 22 members spending a delightful evening.

From Ashton.
Mrs. Clifford Luckey, son Roland and daughter Alice are guests today at the home of the former's father, Casper Krug, in Dixon.

With Grandmother.
Miss Athena Himmel of Radcliff, Ia., is here visiting her grandmother, Mrs. C. E. Bishop of West Third street.

At Assembly.
Mrs. M. D. Shippert, Mr. and Mrs. Merle Hirsch and family started to camp today in a tent on Third street at Assembly park.

To Assembly Park.
Mr. and Mrs. George Bruner of North Dixon have moved to what used to be the golf club house at Assembly park to remain during the Assembly sessions.

Luther League Social.
The members of the Luther League will have an evening social tonight in the parlors of the Ferman Lutheran church instead of the party to have been held last evening at the Wm. Blum home near Nachusa; which was abandoned because of the rain.

Iowa Couple Wed.
Ray L. Lewis and Miss Minnie May Parker, both of Harlan, Ia., were united in marriage at 11 o'clock this morning at the court house. Justice Gannon read the service.

Boys of Baptist S. S.
The boys of the Baptist Sunday school class taught by Mr. Weaver are requested to meet at the north end of the Galena Avenue bridge at 8 o'clock Sunday morning for a hike to Lowell Park, where the lesson study will be given. All boys are requested to bring their lunches. Capt. Cushing will accompany the boys, who will be given a free boat ride home.

In Rockford.
Mrs. J. E. McIntyre is visiting friends in Rockford.

—Printed or engraved invitations, B. F. Shaw Ptg. Co.

about things in general. He speaks English poorly.

"I live in Berlin and work in a bank, but was in the war for two years. When the war is over I am going to Switzerland to live. I would go to America, but they don't like Germans over there any more."

"Why are you going to leave Germany?"

For an answer there was a shrug of shoulders and a half smile, half smile. "Are you satisfied here?"

"It's a lot better than being in a grave where a lot of them are."

READY FOR A CHARGE



These French grenadiers are preparing for a raid on the German lines.

GAVE BLOOD FOR BROTHER

Transfusion in a Hospital in Chicago Saves Man From Keokuk, Iowa.

Fort Madison, Ia.—N. J. Bever, manager of the Fort Madison Produce and Storage company, is home from the Augustana hospital in Chicago, where he gave up some of his blood in a transfusion operation in order that his brother, M. C. Bever of Keokuk, might live.

The operation was successful and it has been announced that the Keokuk man will live, although it may be necessary to furnish him with a little additional blood to aid his own. Other members of the family have agreed to furnish this if it is needed. Mr. Bever has been suffering for years with a bad case of anemia.

The local man declares he feels no worse for his experience aside from a soreness in his left arm, from which member the transfusion was made.

ADDS TO HARDNESS OF BRICK

Scientist Explains Why Straw Is a Necessary Ingredient in the Process of Manufacture.

Everyone is familiar with the story of how Pharaoh commanded his task-masters to increase the burdens laid on the Israelites by withholding from them the straw wherewith to make bricks, says the Popular Science Monthly, and doubtless many have wondered wherein the hardship lay. By most people, probably, the view has been held that the straw was added as a binding material, much as hair is used in the mortar; but such an explanation is scarcely satisfying when it is remembered that the straw fiber is a very weak one. Alexander Findlay says in his "Chemistry in the Service of Man":

"About fourteen years ago it was found by Dr. E. G. Acheson, to whom we owe the discovery of carborundum and the process of making artificial graphite, that when clay is mixed with a dilute solution of tannin it becomes much more plastic, and the strength of the dried brick is, moreover, greatly increased. Although straw does not contain tannin it was found that when straw is treated with water, the extract obtained has the same action on clay as tannin has, the plasticity of the clay and the hardness of the brick being greatly increased."

TAXICAB DRIVERS KNIT BUT THEY ARE WOMEN

Cleveland, O.—One of the least surprising things to be seen on the streets of Cleveland now is a taxicab driver calmly sitting in a taxi at its stand, purring and drooping, while sox and sweaters develop before your eyes. But the drivers are girls, for Cleveland is rapidly getting a large proportion of its day drivers from the other sex.

"NO CHILDREN" RULE BANNED

Landlords in Seattle Are Appealed to to Remove Signs From Their Buildings.

Seattle, Wash.—"No Children Allowed" signs must be removed by Seattle landlords from their properties, according to J. W. Spangler, vice president of the Seattle chamber of commerce. He has issued an appeal to rooming house proprietors, hotel men and owners of rental properties, declaring that owing to the scarcity of quarters for shipyard workers and others engaged in war work the situation in this city is becoming alarming.

The Evening Telegraph delivered by carrier boy at your door in the city of Dixon and The Chicago Tribune delivered by the postman both one year for \$8.50. For further particulars call No. 5.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR SALE. House of 6 rooms, bath, furnace, gas, large basement, lot 50x150, shed with cement floor, chicken house, fruit trees, located on macadam street. Call at 514 Dixon Ave. 163ft

FOR SALE. Free sewing machine, bed, commode dining room table, can be extended, Phone X458. C. F. Sleasman, Assembly Park. 170 2*

FOR RENT. 6 room apartment, strictly modern, new oak floors; choice location. Phone 326. Frank Rosbrook. 170 2*

FOR SALE. Good elder vinegar, L. E. Elyre, Phone Y1081. 170 2*

FOR RENT. Desk room with use of telephone, Central location. Also garage and barn, north side, or will sell barn. Phone 131. 170 2*

FARM FOR RENT. The Peter O'Malley farm consisting of 360 acres of good tillable land situated 8 1/2 miles southeast of Dixon, 6 1/2 miles northwest of Amboy. For terms call or address Geo. O'Malley of Valle & O'Malley, Dixon, Ill. 170 3

PEANUT PUT TO MANY USES

Nutritious Oil and Palatable Butter Derived From the Humble "Goob-er," Believed of Childhood.

The peanut isn't a nut at all, but a member of the pea, bean and clover family. It is a legume and gathers nitrogen from the air. Peanuts do not grow from roots, but on shoots which grow out from the plant above ground, bear a little sterile yellow blossom and then shoot directly into the ground where they "peg," that is, where peanuts begin to grow on them. The peanuts are pulled from the vines or roots, and the roots are then plowed back into the ground to allow the nitrogen to feed the soil. The peanuts are then taken to peanut factories. In these buildings the peanuts are cleaned and sorted. The largest are saved and put through a mill, which polishes the shells. These are sold in the shells. Other first grades are shelled and sold for salting; and one big packing company buys only first grades for peanut butter.

If the peanuts are pulled roots and all, the peanuts are dried out by stacking on poles, then pulled off and sold. Broken peanuts are pressed and the oil extracted. Much of this oil is sold as "pure olive oil." In fact, it is quite as rich and nutritious as olive oil. The refuse is pressed into cakes and sold as oil cakes for feeding stock and especially dairy cows.—St. Nicholas.

City Atty Club.
Because of yesterday's heavy storm, a postponement was made of the City Atty Club meeting, which is being held this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Lewis Drummond, with Mrs. Overmeyer as hostess.

ST. PAUL'S LUTHERAN
(Nachusa)
Rev. W. N. King, Pastor.
Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.
Harry E. Currens, Supt.
Divine worship, 10:30 a. m.
Rev. Carl Sundberg, field secretary of Carthage college, will deliver the morning address. There will be no services during the Rock River Assembly.

CHURCH NEWS

GERMAN LUTHERAN
Rev. G. A. Graf, Pastor.
Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.
Service, 10:30 a. m.

EMMANUEL U. E.
Rev. Paul L. Davis, Pastor.
Sunday school, 10.
Preaching, 11.
K. L. C. E., 8.

There will be no prayer meeting and bible study until after the Oakdale camp meeting, which will be held from Aug. 15 to 25.

KINGDOM U. E.
Rev. Paul L. Davis, Pastor.
Sunday school, 2.
Preaching, 3, on the subject "Preparation for God's Service."

ELDENA U. E.
Rev. Paul L. Davis, Pastor.
Sunday school, 10.
Preaching, 8, on subject "Keeping the Sabbath."

The Great Money-Saving Sale

—AT THE—
THE ODDS & END STORE
Still Continues to Offer

Some Great Bargains in Shoes, Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Men's suits in cassimere and fancy worsted, per suit \$6.95 to \$12.50
Men's blue serge suits \$11.50 to \$13.50
Boys' long pants suits, 16 to 20 \$4.75 to \$7.50
100 pairs of men's odd pants at odd prices.
Boys Norfolk suits, buckle belt, in blue serges and fancy mixtures \$1.95 to \$5.00
Men's Athletic union suits 65c to 85c
Boys Athletic unionsuits 45c
Men's shirts and drawers 45c to 85c
Men's blue chambray work shirts 65c
Men's blue chambray striped work shirts 75c
Men's negligee striped shirts 75c, 85c, 95c

SHOES

Women's pumps and oxfords 98c to \$1.95
Men's oxfords to clean up at \$1.95
Men's work shoes \$1.75 to \$2.85
Men's Army shoes, Munson last \$3.50 to \$3.85
A large variety of odds and ends in white shoes at very low prices.
Men's straw hats 10c to 25c
25 doz. men's sample socks 15c to 25c
Men's leather work gloves 35c

Hundreds of Other Bargains at the ODDS & END STORE

Remember the place at the old stand of S. Rosenthal & Sons, next door to Woolworth's 10c store. You can not make any mistake by buying all you can, as prices are bound to go higher every day.

WOOD PORCH SWINGS

the coolest place of a Hot day is out on the poch swing and you'll now find a fine assortment to chose from here, they have just been unpacked

a shipment that SHOULD have reached us in the Spring, came in only yesterday; they are priced so cheap you can't afford to be without one

there are short swings and longer swings and some swings with foot rests; see them and get prices now

You Can Do Better At

KEYES AHRENS FURNITURE CO.

Furnish Your Home—Cellar to Attic

DIXON EVENING TELEGRAPH

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MEMBER OF AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATION.

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TO REGISTER THREE THOUSAND

Registration for the United States Army Nurses' Reserve by the local units of the Woman's Committee, State Council of Defense, will begin in all parts of the state, Monday, July 29th, and continue for two weeks. The quota of Illinois is 3,000; the entire number to be registered throughout the nation is 25,000.

Local units of the Woman's Committee, of which there are 1,900 in Illinois, will establish headquarters in schools, libraries, or other convenient buildings in their communities, and will be urged by the Woman's Committee of the State Council of Defense to have present a woman physician, teacher, nurse and welfare worker, if possible, to answer questions and explain the work which will be required of the volunteers.

Registration cards and literature received from the Woman's Committee in Washington is being forwarded this week to all local units from the state headquarters in Chicago by Mrs. Frederick A. Dow, vice-chairman of the Woman's Committee of the State Council of Defense.

The young women of the state who are urged to register for service in the Student Nurses' Reserve, must hold themselves in readiness until April 1, 1919, to go into training in civilian and army hospitals.

There will be two types of service—preferred and deferred. In the first class will be registered those who can go immediately to any hospital where they are needed, though they may state their preference and will be assigned there if possible. In the deferred class the candidate pledges herself to go into service near home or in specified hospitals. These will be called upon only after the preferred class is exhausted.

Women will be given an opportunity to enroll in any one of three ways. They may pledge themselves only for civilian hospitals; only for the Army Nursing School recently established with branch schools in selected military hospitals; or for both. Those of superior qualifications will be given the preference.

Many of the hospitals have offered to give advanced standing of from six months to a year to young women who are college graduates, and who have had sufficient scientific training. The course normally takes three years, never less than two.

Student nurses receive board, lodging and tuition free at practically every training school, of which there are 1,579 in the country, and in most cases they receive a small remuneration to cover books and cost of uniforms. Nobody will be assigned to any school whose conditions of training are not approved by the State Board of Examiners.

The need for a reserve of student nurses is imperative on account of the large number of trained women who have been called to service abroad, and the further large number which will be needed within the next few months. Student nurses can take charge of all cases of minor illness, relieving trained women for severe cases and for supervision.

It is the hope of the Woman's Committee that Illinois will register her entire quota of 3,000 in the preferred class, with a surplus of deferred class registrants equally large.

COMPETITION IN SOUTH AMERICA

Announcing the opening in Buenos Aires of a branch bank of the Yokohama Specie bank of Japan, our commercial attaché reports that during 1916 and 1917 "there were large increases in the receipt of manufactured goods. A number of Japanese salesmen visited Argentina and took orders of considerable value for rubber goods of all kinds, electrical goods, canvas, rope, string, glassware, drugs, porcelain goods, and many other articles that formerly came from Europe." There are now two lines of steamers plying between Japan and Argentina, the Asaka Shosen and the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, and very soon monthly sailings will be established. We must look to see Japan a lively competitor in South American trade in the years to come, and with the present tariff policy in force, Japan will also give us plenty of competition to consider in our home market.

Fearing the evasion of the payment of taxes after the war by emigration, the German government has enacted a law requiring persons liable to such taxes to leave 20 per cent of their taxable property as security on leaving the country. It would be interesting to know the destination of prospective Hun emigrants.

CITY IN BRIEF

R. C. Bovey is home from a business visit in Streator.

L. A. Durkes of Franklin Grove was in Dixon Thursday.

Rae Chadwick returned last evening from his vacation visit in Oklahoma.

E. H. Webster and son William and Walter Trautman visited the Masonic lodge at Franklin Grove Wednesday evening and assisted in initiation work.

George Welty of Marion was here on business today.

W. W. Gilbert will go to Freeport Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Aschenbrenner, Marion Aschenbrenner and Mrs. W. S. Frost and daughter of Bradford were here Wednesday.

Ed Gaffney of Clinton, Ia., was in town Wednesday on business. He is employed in the Northwestern offices.

J. M. McNay and wife and T. H. Stearns and wife of Polo were here Wednesday.

Atty. C. C. Brooks is in Chicago on several weeks' business visit.

Mrs. Andrew Brown, Mrs. Earl Holdridge and daughter Alda are here Thursday from Sterling.

—Subscribe for the Telegraph—the oldest paper in Lee County, now in its 68th year.

—Have you used the Twin Tube and Rubber Co.'s Tires. None better on the market. Tred-Well casings and Last-Well tubes.

Mr. and Mrs. George Null and Mrs. Baltzley of Nachusa motored Thursday morning to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. David Warner, of near Nachusa, were callers at the home of Mrs. Welty, of Nachusa, today.

If you are having trouble with your feet now is a good time to purchase a box of Healo—absolutely the best foot remedy on the market. Sold by all Dixon druggists.

White paper for the picnic supper table, 1 cent a sheet, at this office.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Noble, son Utey, and daughter Dorothy Jane, motored in their Cadillac to Chicago Monday.

Mrs. D. F. Seyster, of Pennsylvania Corners was here Thursday.

Charles Keyes, Jr., made a business trip to Mendota yesterday.

Mrs. Eells and the Misses Eells have returned from a few days' visit at the Edgewater Beach hotel, in Chicago.

Calvin Peterson has returned to Chicago after spending four days in Dixon with friends.

—The lost coat advertised for by Levi Coan has been returned to this office. Kindly call for same. 170 2

John Davies, cashier of the City National bank, who has been away for a two weeks' vacation south and east, is expected home soon.

John P. Honeycutt, of Route 4, Amboy, was in Dixon Thursday.

Joe Brierton, Ed May, A. Peters, H. Wahl, Wm. Green, Chas. Rabbit and Dave Jamison of Amboy were here today, witnesses in the condemnation matter now on trial in county court.

Wm. James of Amboy was here today.

Mrs. Harriet Favey is here from Belvidere, a guest at the home of Circuit Clerk and Mrs. E. S. Rosecrans.

SON BORN.

A son was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick J. McIntyre of Highland avenue. This makes three sons in the family.

HAVE BABY SON

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lawton are the parents of a son, born Wednesday.

The little fellow has been named George after his mother's brother, who is a soldier in France. He is a fourth in a family of three boys and one girl, the boys—Stanley, Edward, George, and Lucy. In his father's family there are also three boys and a girl. The second son was named after a brother of Mr. Lawton's, Edward, who was in the Civil War.

TAKEN TO HOSPITAL

Mrs. Frank Maronde of Franklin Grove was taken to the Dixon hospital Thursday for treatment. She is the wife of the postmaster at that place.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER

Rodney M. Ayres to Joseph A. Coward \$2300 pt nwq 32 Dixon.

ABE MARTIN



'Evertime I ketch up on th' war I have t' stop an' wait around a couple o' days t' find out how some new strategic point is pronounced,' said Tell Binkley, today. Some folks have a fine sense o' humor.

DIXON BOY DESCRIBES TRIP TO SO. AMERICA ABOARD BATTLESHIP

(Continued from page 1)

Ambassador (from Chile) was taken off board with military honors and a big parade of launches, gigs, motors, whaleboats, sailors, etc., took the body to the dock. Then our Captain had to fight for liberty for the crew but he got it and we explored the city of Valparaiso, with a population of 130,000, and it is some place. Very few people there who can speak English and we had some time trying to make them understand. The only place you can make any headway was at the Y. M. C. A. and, by the way, words cannot express the work these Y's are doing to help the men in uniform. It's like meeting your brother after a twenty-year absence to go into one of these cities so far away and find a real "honest-to-John" American Y. M. C. A. There we had our money changed into Chilean money ("Spickity" money, we call it). Our dollar is worth three times theirs. They call their dollar "Pacoco". Have a ring I made out of one of them—also a number of the other coins.

First day ashore we took in the sights. Had to be back on the dock at 4 p. m. and didn't get off until after dinner so didn't have much time to spend. Second day I went ashore was Sunday morning with a church party. There were over 300 in the party I was with and we marched to a big cathedral—Sacred Heart, and they held special services for us—after which we had our pictures taken in a court back of the church—and then we went into a dining room and they served us with French rolls and coffee. They couldn't do enough for us. Then the Chaplain introduced us to two fellows who worked in our banks there, and they took us to a place they call a picnic ground and a way out of town. We had a real Chilean seven-course dinner. It cost the boys about eighty Chilean dollars—they wouldn't let us spend a cent. It sure was a wonderful feed. They had one dish (Empanana) like a big meat pie only five times worse than chop suey for a mixture but it was great. On the way back a native stopped us by a peculiar movement of his arms, meaning "friendship" and invited us in to have some wine. (Not me). It was just cider. You know they never drink water

there. These two fellows couldn't get enough of us.

The next morning we started back. We had stayed longer than any other ship is allowed but by special permission and being on neutral duty (Chile is a neutral country) this could be done. Any ship staying in there more than twenty-four hours is interned. There are plenty of Germans there but only one Chilean cruiser. As one fellow said there, when he heard we had 1200 aboard, "That is more than we had in our whole navy." I guess we made a favorable impression on the natives, at that.

We took a short cut all the way back, not seeing land at all. They were going to try to make Balboa on the coal we had but couldn't do it so we stopped off at Callao, Peru, and took on 300 tons, which cost us \$61.00 per ton. Then we proceeded on our way, arriving here yesterday morning without accident of any kind and not one case of sickness. Pretty good record. Ray (Ray Arnold), you probably know by now, was transferred off here before we went to Chile. They do sentry duty here on ships in dock and going through the Canal. He is not here now—went through before we pulled in—over at "Colon" now. That is where we coal after we get through the Canal. We go through there some day this week and after that I don't know where. Don't know whether we will go back to Fleet at Base 2 in the Philadelphia Yards, or Guantanamo Bay, Cuba—another base for our ships during winter. Hope it is to the states—then for leave as soon as we get in. Bob (Bob Anderson) is writing now. Mac is with us—all feeling and looking fine. I weighed 180 pounds today.

We received most of our mail and some mess—I got twelve letters and this morning another one and two bunches of papers. Talk about a wonderful feeling. The pictures were great. I have some collection of pictures to show you. I can't smile in a picture, it seems.

Well, I will quit for this time. Just wait patiently and I will get there sooner or later. Bob is coming with me and probably the kid in the picture with me. Keep the letters coming—I like them. Haven't read the papers yet. It's some hot here but the most wonderful place in the world, excepting Illinois.

Lovingly,
Frank J. Gorham,
U. S. Vermont,
care Postmaster,
Fortress Monroe, Va.

FORM NEW URAL STATE.

Amsterdam, July 25—The Bolsheviks have abandoned a new government has been formed in the Urals, dispatches today from Moscow stated. The government is under the leadership of Gen. Dutof.

Russian Commands, Allies?
Basel, Switzerland, July 25—According to Russian newspaper dispatches received here, Gen. Gurko, former commander of the Russian armies on the southwestern front, who was expelled from Russia last October, has been placed in command of the entente allied forces in the Murman coast region.

Bolsheviki Attack Chinese.
Peking, June 16—Correspondence—The amban or Unga, Mongolia, is having trouble with the Bolsheviks and he reports to the Chinese government here that Bolsheviks have crossed the frontier from Khabkha, Siberia, and attacked Mianachan, the Chinese section of Unga.

We are sending the Evening Telegraph to many soldier boys. Why not to yours. Call No. 5, The Evening Telegraph, for rates.

PIGEON PIE IS EXPENSIVE DISH

By Associated Press
London, July 26.—The most expensive pigeon pie which perhaps has ever been served anywhere was enjoyed by members of the allied diplomatic colony in Jassy last spring.

One February afternoon one of the Allied Ministers received a crate of fine pigeons. There was no mark to indicate the sender. The pigeons were killed and cooked that evening,

and a number of the Minister's colleagues, including American Minister Poppick, had their fill of pigeon pie.

A week later a delayed telegram reached the Minister who had been host at the dinner. It was from a high military officer of his government, directing him as to the disposal of a "very valuable consignment" of carrier pigeons which had been sent him after a long course of training and which were designed to take an important part in certain highly confidential negotiations then pending.

THE GREAT AMERICAN STORES CO.

United States Food Administration License No. G 03945
87 Galena Avenue Store No. 154 Dixon, Ill.

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY, JULY 27th.

EXTRA SPECIAL
CRYSTAL WHITE SOAP
10 bars for 49c
Limit 10 Bars to Customer

EXTRA SPECIAL
LARD COMPOUND
12 lbs for 49c
Limit 2 pounds to Customer

SPECIALS IN CASE GOODS

Rice Lake Brand Peas
per doz. \$1.65
Rice Lake Brand Peas
case 2 doz. \$3.27
Auto Car Brand Peas
per doz. \$1.77
Auto Car Brand Peas
case 2 doz. \$3.51
Holman Brand Tomatoes
No. 3, per doz. \$2.15
Holman Brand Tomatoes
No. 3, per case \$4.27

Big Chief Tomatoes,
No. 2 per doz. \$1.54
Big Chief Tomatoes
No. 2 case 2 doz. \$3.05
Galvanic Soap, 100 bars
..... \$5.39
Large Ivory Soap, 100
bars \$9.69
Creme Oil Toilet Soap
12 bars \$1.00

REGULAR PRICES

1 lb Calumet Baking Pdr 23c
1 lb A. & H. Soda 6c
1 Pkg Quaker Oats 10c
3 Rolls Toilet Paper 11c
50c can Maple Syrup 41c
2 lbs Ginger Snaps 25c
Water Melons 45c
5 lbs Best Coffee \$1.00
1/2-lb Bunte Cocoa 19c
1/2-lb Baking Chocolate 21c
3 doz Fruit Jar Rubbers 21c
2 cans Keen Kleener 9c
5 lbs Light Karo Syrup 43c
5 lbs Dark Karo Syrup 39c

Open Wednesday Nights.

FARMERS Bring in your BUTTER & EGGS
We pay cash

All of our goods are standard brands.

We will have your order delivered for 10c.

W. H. HOMMEL, Mgr.

F.C.SPROUL

North Side Cash Grocery

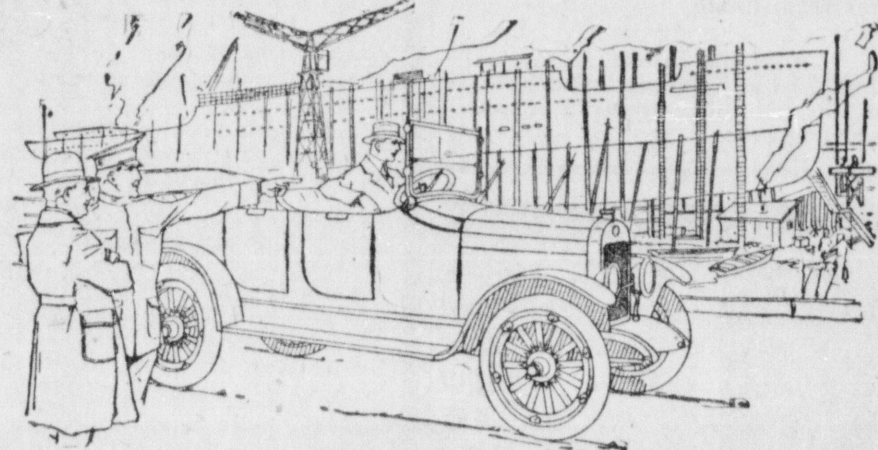
5 lbs. of the best 21c coffee in Dixon for. \$1.00
A large assortment of cookies at lb. 20c
Jello, any flavor, per pkg. 10c
5 No. 3 cans good peaches. \$1.00
1-2 gal. Mazola cooking oil. \$1.25
12 cans small Dundee milk. 70c
1 doz. Mason 2 qt. fruit jars. \$1.05
100 lbs. cheese, 1 year old, at lb. 30c
Seedless raisins in pkgs., 2 for. 25c
2 cans King Ko Raisins, 2 for. 25c
10 bars Swift Pride soap. 55c
2 9-oz. pkgs. Swift's Wool soap flakes. 25c
Armor's laundry soap, 10 bars. 49c
Phone your order for beets for canning, per bushel \$1.15
Plenty of watermelons and canteloupes.
Lard compound, per lb. 28c
Best pure lard, per lb. 32c
Good Luck Oleo, 34c, or 2 lbs. 67c
Good cooking apples, per peck. 50c

DELIVERIES 5c

PHONE 158

DORT

The Quality Goes Clear Through



Clinching the Evidence

It was a stock Dort that won the official A. A. A. long distance thrift record.

One exactly like those that private Dort owners drive every day in the year.

That is something to bear in mind when making comparisons.

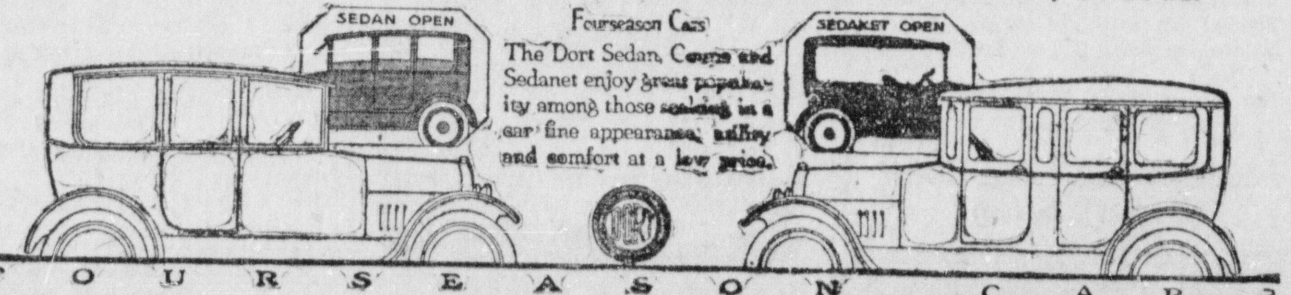
But—

Do not stop there. Clinch the evidence of Dort thrift by asking some Dort owner what his personal car is doing. Many of them are getting as good or better results—and will tell you so.

C. E. MOSSHOLDER

120 E. First St. Dixon

DORT MOTOR CAR CO., FLINT, MICH., U. S. A.



FOURSEASON

The Dort Sedan, Coupe and Sedanet enjoy great popularity among those wanting in a car fine appearance, safety and comfort at a low price.

SEDA NET OPEN

The Dort Sedan, Coupe and Sedanet enjoy great popularity among those wanting in a car fine appearance, safety and comfort at a low price.

LEE COUNTY FOLK IN SUNNYLAND HAD BIG PICNIC LAST SATURDAY

Clarence Krinbill Sends The Telegraph Account Of Enjoyable Day

HELD AT LONG BEACH

List of Former Dixonites Who Attended Is Of Interest Here

(By Clarence Krinbill)
Long Beach, Cal., July 21.—Yesterday again the former residents of Dixon and Lee county gathered in large numbers in beautiful Sycamore Park, Los Angeles, for their annual reunion—and to many of us, who have attended all of the affairs of our society here in California has held, this occasion proved to be the most enjoyable. The day was perfect, the place ideal, and the company most congenial. The crowd gathered at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and remained until 7, picnic suppers being spread at 5 o'clock. The afternoon was spent in greetings and reminiscences and much interest centered in a fine impromptu program with which the president, Prof. George E. Krinbill, formerly for many years supervisor of music in the Dixon public schools, surprised the crowd.

WILSON IN APPEAL TO COUNTRY TO STOP MOB LAWLESSNESS

(Continued from page 1)

concerned by the situation the president decided to address his fellow countrymen and to declare that "every mob contributes to German lies about the United States what her most gifted liars cannot improve upon by way of calumny."

Statement In Full.
The president's statement in full follows:
"My Fellow Countrymen:
"I take the liberty of addressing you upon a subject which so vitally affects the honor of the nation and the very character and integrity of our institutions that I trust you will think me justified in speaking very plainly about it.
"I allude to the mob spirit which has recently been and there very frequently shown its head amongst us not in any single region, but in many and widely separated parts of the country. There have been many lynchings, and every one of them has been a blow at the heart of ordered law and human justice. No man who loves America, no man who really cares for her fame and honor and character or who is truly loyal to her institutions, can justify mob action while the courts of justice are open and the governments of the states and the nation are ready and able to do their duty.
Fighting Lawlessness.
"We are at this very moment fighting lawless passion. Germany has outlawed herself among the nations because she has disregarded the sacred obligations of law and has made lynchers of her armies. Lynchers emulate her disgraceful example. I, for my part, am anxious to see every community in America rise above that level, with pride and a fixed resolution which no man or set of men can afford to despise.
"We proudly claim to be the champions of democracy. If we really are, in deed and in truth, let us see to it that we do not discredit our own. I say plainly that every American who takes part in the action of a mob or gives any sort of countenance is no true son of this great democracy, but its betrayer and does more to discredit her by that single disloyalty to her standards of law and of right than the words of her statesmen or the sacrifices of her heroic boys in the trenches can do to make suffering peoples believe her to be their savior.
"How shall we commend democracy to the acceptance of other peoples, if we disgrace our own by proving that it is, after all, no protection to the weak? Every mob contributes to German lies about the United States what her most gifted liars cannot improve upon by the way of calumny. They can at least say that such things cannot happen in Germany except in times of revolution when law is swept away!
"I therefore very earnestly and solemnly beg that the governors of all the states, the law officers of every community, and, above all, the men and women of every community in the United States, all who revere America and wish to keep her name without stain or reproach, will co-operate—not passively merely, but actively and watchfully, to make an end of this disgraceful evil. It cannot live where the community does not countenance it.
Counts On People.
"I have called upon the Nation to put its great energy into this war and it has responded—responded with a spirit and a genius for action that has thrilled the world. I now call upon its men and women everywhere to see to it that its laws are kept inviolate, its fame untarnished. Let us show our utter contempt for lawless things that have made this war hideous among the wars of history by showing how those who love liberty and right and justice are willing to lay down their lives for them upon foreign fields stand ready also to illustrate to all mankind their loyalty to the things at home which they wish to see established everywhere as a blessing and protection to the peoples who have never known the privileges of liberty and self government.
"I can never accept any man as a champion of liberty, either for ourselves or for the world who does not reverence and obey the laws of our own beloved land. He has adopted the standards of the enemies of his country, whom he affects to despise."
"WOODROW WILSON."

SHERIFFS RAISE WAR MEASURES OF NATION

(Continued from page 1)

Mayor Schmidt and the city council and made the first address as follows:
Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: In behalf of the City Officials of Dixon, and also the citizens, it is a great privilege to me to extend to you a most cordial welcome here. We feel you have come to one of the most beautiful cities in the State of Illinois, and Illinois is a state we are all proud of—both for its location almost in the center of the United States, and also for the historical record it has made in the hundred years of its statehood. We are celebrating this year the one hundredth anniversary of the admission of our state into the Union, and I am sure, as loyal citizens of Illinois, that its star in the constellation of Old Glory, is a matter of utmost pride to every one of its citizens.
We are proud of the men who have been citizens of this state and who have made a record in the annals of our nation—those individuals who have in the past been selected by the nation as its own; those who with all their strength and sinew defended the Union in time of civil strife, and who today are defending with their lives the principles of liberty and freedom.
As we meet here today—representatives of the protective power of the state—we feel we also have work to do in defending and protecting the record of our state. There is no state which has done more in the past for the defense of the Union, and no state which will do more in the future, than Illinois. Today we are sending our boys across the water to defend the exalted principles on which our government was founded, and for which our state has always stood in the past.
There can be no question that the citizens of our state, as a whole, are loyal, and it goes without saying that the great rank and file stand for the country and for the work that the nation is doing. The fact that some few possibly do not realize their responsibility and do not realize what it means to be a good citizen of this great nation of ours, makes it all the more necessary that each of us should do our part, in our several communities, in showing them the way, and with firmness, if necessary, bringing to their minds a realization of the fact that a divided allegiance cannot be endured.
You gather here today to discuss those questions which are pertinent to your own particular work, with an aim to make even more efficient your efforts in your own localities. It is a pleasure indeed on the part of the citizens of Dixon to welcome you here, and you receive from us the most cordial and heartfelt welcome. We gladly open to you the gates of the city, and express the hope that you will enjoy every minute of your stay here. We trust association together, both from a social and business standpoint, will be of advantage to you, and that it will work for efficiency in the very best sense of the word.
Gentlemen, I extend to you, in the name of the mayor and councilmen of Dixon and also the citizens, a most hearty greeting and earnest welcome.
He was followed by States Attorney Edwards, who said:
Mr. President and Gentlemen: I haven't in mind anything especially to say to you. Mr. Phillips requested me to say a few words, and I am always glad to do as he wishes. It gives me the utmost pleasure to see you here. This is the first time an Association of County Officers of this state has paid this city the courtesy of an annual convention, and our people are grateful to you, and appreciate your presence here.
The sheriff is the chief officer of the county; the highest office in the county is that occupied by him; he is the enforcer of the law—many people think the state's attorney is, but such is not the fact. The prosecutor simply tries the cases, and the sheriff procures the evidence, and is the one who is chargeable with the enforcement of the law; the state's attorney is merely his legal guide.
It is with gratification that I can say we work in perfect harmony in this county. The relations between the sheriff's and state's attorney's offices, in my experience, have always been of the most pleasant nature, and carried on without the least evidence of friction. In some counties, unfortunately, there has been some lack of harmony between these offices. The relations between county officials who have anything to do with law enforcement, ought always to be of the most cordial nature. There should always be a spirit of forbearance and forgiveness so to speak, and a mutual desire for co-operation.
I am satisfied, from the type of men I see before me, that you are men of the character that will work in harmony with your brother officials. This fall all of you go out of office. You have served a brief period of four years, and just as you become efficient and learn the duties of your office, the law steps in and obstructs further service. Gentlemen, such a law, in my opinion, is without a reason; and I say to you if a constitutional convention should be called in this state after the fall elections, to provide the draft for a new constitution, I earnestly hope that it may provide that county treasurers may succeed themselves in office.
I cannot understand the application of a rule which denies to an efficient officer the privilege of a second term if the people desire to grant it. If a man proves to be an efficient sheriff, he ought certainly be permitted to give the public the advantage of the experience he has had, and the service he is capable of. If he proves inefficient the voters will surely become aware of it during his first term, and fail to endorse him for the second; hence no harm can result in a law of this kind. Let it provide that sheriffs and county treasurers stand on the same plane as other officers so far as succession is concerned.
Now I don't want to go into the question of any suggestions to you; you know your duties better than I

do. It is sufficient to say that I am glad to have you here, and hope at some future time your Association will see fit to again meet with us. I am satisfied, when I look at you, that your people would stand by you for re-election if it were possible to vote for you a second time, and that the four years you have been in office would be a guarantee to them that the next four years would be an improvement, if possible, on your first term.
We are proud to have representative bodies come to our city. We are proud of this courthouse, which the bounty of our people erected for us eighteen years ago; we feel we have something of worth and beauty to show you in this building. We are proud of our city, one of the oldest perhaps outside of the city of Galena—represented by one of you here today—in the State of Illinois; a city noted back even in Indian times; a place where some of the tragic scenes of the Blackhawk war were enacted; a city that has produced men who have been of great influence in the history and life of our state.
We extend to you a warm welcome to our community, and hope at some time you will return again.
Sheriff J. L. Wilson of Pekin, Tazewell county, president of the state association, responded to the toasts briefly, after which the afternoon was spent socially at the court house and at the headquarters at the Nachusa Tavern.
For Auto Tour.
The heavy rain of the afternoon interfered with the arranged plans for the day, as it had been planned to take the guests on a long auto tour through the city and surrounding country. However, at about 5 o'clock a short trip was taken to the Borden Milk factory, the Rock River Assembly grounds, the Brown shoe factory and the Grand Detour Plow works.
Evening Social.
In the evening the guests were entertained at the Elks club by the house committee, who served a nice luncheon. Music whirled away the earlier part of the evening and later, with States Attorney Harry Edwards officiating as toastmaster, toasts were responded to by W. B. Brinton, John H. Byers, George Scholl of Joliet, Attorney Harry Warner, George Richmond of Rock Island, Judge John B. Crabtree, Sheriff Vincent of Jo Daviess county and Sheriff Phillips of Dixon.
Convention Notes.
It became known during the meeting that Sheriff G. N. "Bruce" Welch of Clinton, Carlyle county, and George H. Richmond, of Rock Island county, both republicans, are candidates for representatives in the General Assembly.
Sheriff Welch proved a wonderful story teller. One of his best was concerning a very popular negro at one of the aviation camps, who was always ready and willing to do all he could for the boys. But he absolutely refused to get into one of the airplanes. He would crank their autos for them, brush their clothes, and do anything else—but nix on the flying. Finally he was pressed for his reason for refusing to take a flight, and he answered: "No, sah, you'll neva git me into one of dem dar machines. You'll git me foah or five miles up in de air and then de engine would stop and whah the debil would I stand when you'd say to me, 'George, you git out and crank her?'"
Sheriff Welch of Clinton was again appointed "purchasing agent."
Among those present shown by the register, were: J. L. Wilson, Tazewell county; George E. Fleischer, McLean; James "Sharkey" Scott, DeKalb; George A. Linsley, Platt; Milton Vincent, Jo Daviess; H. F. Berry, Whiteside; William Mackay, Ogle; George Richmond, Rock Island; C. H. Draper, Fulton; B. Scholl, Joliet; Deputies George Banning, Ogle; Edwin Hess and Abner McCoy, Tazewell.

CO-OPERATION IS STORES' KEYNOTE
By Associated Press
Copenhagen.—The cooperative stores of the Scandinavian countries are forming an organization for central purchasing of all groceries and other commodities. It is said that the total business which can be thus centralized, will amount to more than \$50,000,000 a year.

ALL BAVARIANS MUST GET WORK
By Associated Press
Amsterdam.—The Bavarian minister of war has issued an order in all towns and villages of Bavaria, directing that "every person capable of work, irrespective of rank, age or sex, shall be compelled to aid in the harvest on the order of the local authorities."

HAD OPERATION.
Mrs. Frank Schrock underwent a serious operation this morning at the hospital.

"If Only the Sweet Moments Could Last!"

There were times, in Ruth and Brian's married life, when they seemed perfectly compatible—when their companionship was complete.

Then the storm clouds would come, again, and the period of happiness would be over; once more they would find themselves quarreling over trifles and jarring each other's nerves.

At these tempestuous periods, Ruth would wonder if they had not made a mistake in marrying each other. Brian, too, had these misgivings in regard to the suitability of their marriage.

But wait! Does not the fact that there were sunny periods at all, leave just the possibility that there might be sunshine all the time, under the right conditions? Of course it does. And do the right conditions ever come?

Learn by reading "The Wife" which starts Monday in The Telegraph.

Hot Weather Clothes

These hot days will not be oppressive if your clothing is of a weight in keeping with the temperature.

Try one of our light weight two-piece suits, made of appropriate, hot weather materials—Dixie weaves, tropical worsteds, Palm Beach materials, at \$12, \$15 to \$25, sizes to 48

They're inexpensive, sightly and above all, cool and comfortable.

Palm Beach trousers; washable both light and dark patterns, sizes 28 to 48 waist—\$5.00.

Straw Hat—A special lot we're offering at \$1.45. These are short lines, part of the "Briscoe stock", together with an assortment of our own goods, sizes 6 3-4 to 7 3-8.

Oxfords, in Summer weights white and Palm Beach—\$3.

New Shirts \$1.00 to \$8.50 **Cool Knee-Length Underwear** \$1.00 to \$3.00 **Wash Ties** 25c, 35c, 50c, 65c

Special Lot of Sport Shirts, short sleeves, adjustable open collar—light fancy patterns, sizes 14 to 17—65c, two for \$1.25.

Boynton-Richards Co.

"The Standardized Store"



THE NIGHT FLYER

By HENRY M. NEELY

Copyright, The Frank A. Munsey Co.

CHAPTER IV.

That Accursed Provan's Daughter.

The gossip of the loungers in the barroom of the inn had evidently not perverted Casserta's ability as an aviator. In the inky blackness of the moonless night he circled widely over the field, the loud throbbing of his motor betraying his whereabouts as he swung back and above the hangars, climbing all the while.

Overhead I could follow him by the purple-and-orange exhaust of his Gnome, and I saw that he was aiming high. Twice he appeared above me in his wide spiral. Then I heard the sound of his engine grow fainter and fainter as he headed south.

His direction added another to the series of puzzles that the day had brought me.

The rocky point with its group of huts was northeast of the field, and Casserta—as he did now—always flew to the south. It was probable, however, that he did it merely to allay any suspicion that might be aroused by his nocturnal expeditions and to divert possible investigators from the real direction of his goal.

I watched until Sanojas had returned, and after lowering the light, had flung himself again upon the couch. Then I climbed down once more from the ladder.

I did not propose to leave the field yet. The mechanic had left the doors open and had not undressed, and I knew that he intended to await the return of his chief. So did I.

The events of the night had made me more than ever determined to fathom this mystery—not from any motives of mere curiosity, but from an ever-increasing desire to be of some help to that wonderfully beautiful girl who lived in such constant terror among the conspirators on the point.

There was but one plan that presented itself to me with anything like feasibility. I must follow Casserta on one of his nocturnal expeditions.

Everything pointed to him as the man who had made those tracks upon the sand, yet I could not make a move for her until all doubt had been swept aside and I knew definitely that he was partly at least responsible for her predicament.

With this in view I mapped out my campaign as I waited on the silent field for Casserta's return. The grounds of the International Company's school were but twelve miles to the southwest. There I had many good friends, who would be glad to see me fly over to visit them the next day, and who would place a hangar at my disposal.

Tad, my mechanic, should hide in my own hangar at night, and the minute Casserta and Sanojas went out on the field to start he should phone me from my shed, and, with

the greater speed of my Blériot, I could easily overtake the Farman before it reached the point.

After two hours or more of waiting I heard from far to the south the faint humming that warned me of the Mexican's return. Evidently Sanojas had not been asleep, for he had risen when I mounted to the window.

He took the lantern from its hook on the wall, turned it fully up, and rushed out upon the field. I could see the light plainly through the open doorway. Slowly at first, and then faster and faster, he began to swing the lantern in a circle at arm's length.

It was evident the signal for his chief to land.

The sound of the motor grew in volume until it was almost overhead. Then it ceased suddenly, and I heard the whine of the air cut by wires and propeller as Casserta coasted down.

More quickly than I had expected, the aviator himself hurried into the hangar, carrying the lantern. It was obvious that he was wildly excited and in a towering rage. He removed his flying clothes, flinging each article with an oath into a corner, and when Sanojas wheeled the machine in Casserta whirled upon him.

"Shut the doors!" he commanded in Spanish.

I blessed the recent exhibition tour of Latin America that had enabled me to pick up a fair smattering of his native tongue.

"Listen, little one," he continued, "there is a man on this field who needs a long rest."

Sanojas's rat eyes narrowed comprehendingly.

"Some one has been indiscreet?" he asked.

"You have said it, friend of my heart! Some one with a monoplane landed today where no man may land and live to tell of it."

The little mechanic started violently.

"Madre de Dios!" he exclaimed in consternation. "There is a holiday then in store for the soul of that man. Who is he?"

Casserta swore horribly.

"That we cannot discover," he said. "He talked with that accursed Provan's daughter; but although we beat her—I had to knock down that big Manoel and take the stick from him—she swore that she never seen the man before and has no way of knowing who he is. But we shall find him you and I, my Alonzol—and when we do—"

The mechanic's eyes flashed fire. "When we do—" he repeated.

"Our little angel with the fiery

language shall speak to him," said Casserta, "and he shall never fly again."

CHAPTER V.

Casserta Makes Inquiry.

I remained in my place of vigil until Casserta resumed his street clothes, bade good-by to Sanojas, and left the field.

Then I returned quickly to the hotel and cast myself fully dressed upon the bed to snatch a few hours of troubled sleep, but, before daybreak I was awake again and had aroused Tad from his slumbers. Over breakfast I told him the whole story from the moment I had started on that predestined flight from the hot field.

Tad's eyes shone eagerly as he listened to my story.

I thought that there was a look altogether too comprehending in them as I tried to describe the beauty of the girl and the impression she first made upon me, so from that point onward I avoided that part of the subject, painfully conscious that my cheeks had flushed guiltily, and that Tad had smiled understandingly when he saw it.

Our plans were quickly completed, and we reached the field shortly after the inauspicious influx of aviators that daily followed the arrival of the early train from the city.

In the twilight of sunrise the field presented a vastly different aspect from that of the preceding noon when I had started on the flight which had so completely and effectually relieved me of the ennui of which I had complained. Then all of the sheds except my own had been locked tightly, and the whole field slumbered in the sunlight.

Now, on the contrary, ever door was wide open—graceful machines, monoplane and biplane, stood out in the enclosure with mechanics giving them the finishing touches before the morning flying. There was good-natured banter and gay laughter, and here and there the brighter colors of women's dresses showed that some of the men had brought fair friends out to see them fly.

Tad and I walked along the row of open sheds, calling greetings or responses to aviators and mechanics until we reached our own hangar, and there, without word or pause, we glanced at each other significantly.

"Hlo, Sanojas," called Tad.

"Good morning, Casserta," I said.

The Mexican and his helper were up and about the big Farman standing before the shed, and both apparently in the best of humor. They answered us pleasantly, and the mechanics exchanged salutes of harmless jokes as we entered my shed, but once inside, Tad's expression changed at once, and I suppose mine did also.

"What do you make of it?" Tad asked. "That's the first time they have ever been out here for the morning flying."

"We ought to have expected it," I answered after a moment's deliberation. "Naturally, they will lose no time in discovering which of the monoplanes landed on the point yesterday, and which of the aviators had that talk with Miss Provan."

"Yes," supplemented Tad, "and which one it is whose soul is in for that long holiday. If I catch 'em monkeyin' around you or this Blériot there'll be a couple of greasers to be gathered up in baskets after the tea party."

"Yes," I laughed, "and it will take all of the putty in the place to plug up the punctures in your body. No, Tad. This is the one thing we must guard against—betraying ourselves by a loss of temper. It isn't a question of keeping my soul from that holiday."

"We must have all of our plans laid for quick and final action or we can be of no assistance to Miss Provan. I fancy we are both in this morning for a spell of unusually friendly conversation with our next-door neighbors here, and we must watch carefully how we answer questions that will appear to be perfectly casual."

From outside came the loud snort of a motor protesting against the chill of the air, the valves spat spitefully as some one slapped them in turning the cylinders, and the asthmatic wheeze of the compression preceded another quick fire of indignant snorts before the motor again sank back into its sultry refusal to work.

From farther down the row came the staccato notes of a Gnome, settling to a deep, powerful purr; it ran a moment steadily and then the key grew higher as the mechanics released the machine and it sped away on its preliminary run.

All about us was life and gaiety and animation; the happy voices, the women's laughter, the little shrieks of ecstatic apprehension as the man in the air dipped or banked steeply, the calls of man to man as the machines were trundled out—all of this got into my blood, thrilled me through and through with the vibrant fire of the greatest sport that has ever been devised.

So completely did it take possession of me and I changed my clothes that I had almost forgotten the unbelievable chimera of the girl on the point until Tad, working quietly about the Blériot, stooped under the plane-end nearest me and whispered:

"Some one's at the knot-hole high up on the opposite wall. Be careful."

In a flash the gay spirits, the thrill

the animation fled. I faced once more the serious problem that involved even my life itself, so complicated had it become.

With a pretense of examining Tad's work on the machine I managed to get in such a position that the knot-hole was plainly in my view. Tad was right!

A shadow on the other side moved and I could hear the faint scratching sound as though somebody rubbed against the boards on Casserta's side. In a flash of inspiration I spoke aloud.

"I saw a friend of yours in the city yesterday, Tad. You remember Hazlett's mechanic—the one you were so chummy with in St. Louis?"

Dear old Tad! To this day I bless the nimble brain that so quickly comprehended my plan.

"Sure I remember him," he cried, straightening up from under the plane, his eyes flashing with apparent pleasure. "Where did you see him?"

"On Broadway just after lunch. I was going up to a matinee when I bumped square into him. If I'd known where you were I should have phoned you."

"I was in the city, too," said Tad. "Spent the afternoon with a girl I know there."

He went to the tail of the machine, hoisted the fuselage to his shoulder and began to push the Blériot out of the shed. I saw the shadow disappear from the knot-hole.

We had established an alibi. If my ruse succeeded, Casserta would eliminate me as one of the monoplane-fliers who might have landed on the point the day before.

The Mexican's shed was vacant when I walked by and glanced in.

"Take it out and get ready, Tad," I said. "You know what to do."

I wheeled the Blériot upon the field and I strolled along the enclosure in front of the sheds, stopping at each to exchange a word or two with a friend.

In Thomas's shed I saw Sanojas talking shrewdly with the American's mechanic. Thomas also flew a Blériot—a monoplane. Farther along I saw Casserta just taking leave of Sanderson and walking away.

Sanderson flew a Nieuport—also a monoplane.

I followed the Mexican slowly. He appeared to have no definite object in view, but paused in his walk to shake hands with Faubre, a little Frenchman, and the two entered into an animated conversation. Faubre flew a Deperdussin—another monoplane.

The Mexican's search was on.

He paid no attention to the biplanes. And I was the only monoplane flier whom he had ignored in his stroll down the line. Evidently the watcher at the knot-hole had been completely deceived into believing that both Tad and I had been in the city the previous day.

Linderman was just descending in his Blériot as I walked out upon the field.

I joined the clamoring group that gathered about him, confident that Casserta would soon be there, for Linderman was another of the monoplane fliers whom the Mexican would want to question. It took only a few minutes to prove that I was right in my surmises.

The Night Flier approached us with every appearance of nonchalance, stopping to exchange some laughing words with a girl in the crowd, shaking hands with one or two others, and gradually working his way to where Linderman and I stood by the fuselage.

"It was a beautiful flight, señor," he said to the aviator with every show of cordiality. "Ah! That I could fly with such certainty and skill!"

Linderman laughed good-naturedly. "Why," he exclaimed, "they tell me that you do wonders out here at night."

"Pouff!" Casserta shrugged his contempt for his own efforts. "Mere little hops, señor, to try my young wings. At night the whole world sleeps in safety under strong roofs, and no man need fear that I shall smash-up him in the air as I tumble drunkenly about."

"And how is the automatic stability device coming on?"

"Slowly, señor, slowly. I work on him still, for I need him sadly. I fear I shall never achieve stability without him for these clumsy hands of mine refuse to learn."

"You ought to fly during the day," suggested Linderman. "You could see better and it would be safer. Such a day as yesterday would be just right for you. There was not a breath of air."

I saw a sudden gleam come into the Mexican's eyes.

"So!" he purred. "Was Señor Linderman out here then, yesterday?"

"Yes," said the American. "I ran out in my automobile, but there was no one about so I went back again."

"Without flying?"

Casserta's tone was apparently disinterested, but I saw the muscles of his jaw close tensely as he waited for the answer. Linderman, however, did not have a chance to reply.

A voluble girl in fluffy white rushed up to him and overwhelmed him in a torrent of adulation for his skill and daring, and he was forced to turn with her and be introduced to her equally voluble friends.

Casserta's eyes narrowed to dangerous slits as he watched the other walk away. Then, without a glance at me, he swung on his heel and hurried across the field in the direction of his own hangar.

I saw Sanojas join him and the two entered the shed and closed the doors.

CHAPTER VI.

Trailing the Night Fliers.

Tad was waiting for me beside my own machine, with everything ready to start. I told him as briefly as possible what I had seen and heard.

"You must get Linderman aside and warn him," I said. "Tell him that I will explain fully when I return, but that he must believe now that it is a matter of life and death. He had better not come out to the field again

until he has seen me. Make an appointment for him to meet me at the hotel tomorrow, and insist on absolute secrecy."

"You will have to tell him everything," suggested Tad.

I pondered a moment.

"Yes," I said. "I believe I will. I know of no one whom I would rather confide in than Linderman, and it might be as well to have an aviator of his ability and courage working with us."

"All right," Tad answered. "I'll tip him off."

The Blériot rose easily and steadily in the moderate wind that was blowing. I circled over the field until I had reached two thousand feet, and then, waving farewell to the white specks that marked the upturned faces below, I cut southwest and headed for the international field.

There were, perhaps, a dozen men about as I landed.

They came running over to me, and I felt that luck was with me when I saw that the class was in charge of Eakins, a man toward whom I had a genuine liking, and for whom I had been able to do a number of favors in the past.

The pupils wheeled my machine into an empty hangar for me and I led Eakins aside. Without going into too many details I told him what I wanted to do.

"If you will be so good," I said, "I should like you to stay out here with me tonight. I shall need a light to land by. It is necessary that absolute secrecy be maintained, so if you can, I wish you would see that there is no one else on the field after dark."

He nodded his head kindly.

"Sure, Carrigan," he said. "Anything you say goes with me, and I'll not ask any questions. I know you too well to think that you're trying to put across anything on the school, so you just tell me what you want done and you needn't bother to explain why."

During the heat of the day I lay on the cot in the hangar trying to make up for the sleep I had lost the night before.

Eakins brought his automobile out late in the afternoon and took me to a hotel for dinner and we returned for the evening flying. One by one the machines were put away, the hangars locked, and the aviators and their friends departed.

Finally, Eakins and I were left alone.

Twelve miles to the northeast I knew Tad Spencer was hidden in my dark shed. Linderman, I hoped, had been warned of his danger, and there remained nothing but to wait the ringing of the phone bell to tell me it was time to start on my pursuit of the mystery of Miguel Casserta and my girl with the hazel eyes.

As we waited I debated over and over the advisability of making a confident of Eakins.

Every extra man let into the secret increased the chances of betrayal, but, on the other hand, events might so shape themselves that it would be well to have such able fliers as Linderman and Eakins within a few minutes' call.

So, finally, I told him the whole story from the beginning, just as I had told it to Tad, and as I intended to tell it to Linderman—only this time I held myself well in hand in describing Miss Provan, and I said nothing about the impression she had made upon me.

Eakins listened soberly, his only comment an occasional grunt of surprise or indignation.

"If any one else told me that story I'd have a commission in lunacy appointed," was his comment when I had finished. "But I know you, Carrigan, and I know you're level-headed and not inclined to be emotional—beyond reason."

"As I see it, the best you can do tonight is to prove that Casserta's flights do actually take him over there to the point. First thing in the morning you and I had better fly over to the field, get hold of Linderman and talk over the advisability of a raid in force."

"Each man could carry a passenger," I said, weighing the suggestion. "That would make six of us."

"Yes," he said, "and I have a man here who could land on a rail fence if he had to. He has a passenger Dep, good for eighty miles an hour, so that will make eight of us."

The loud jangle of the phone bell in the office brought us both to our feet. I rushed in and answered. It was Tad.

"They're out, boss," he said, his voice trembling with excitement. "And, say—I didn't get a chance to tell Mr. Linderman. He had gone when I got back to the hangars."

"They're off!" I cried.

We dashed over to my Blériot, which was standing ready.

"I shall not be gone more than an hour," I said as I sprang into the seat. "Just wave your lantern in a circle when you hear me overhead, and be sure you are standing well down the field for I shall aim for the ground right beside you, and you must give me plenty of run in the dark. By-by."

The motor roared out deafeningly in response to my turns of the starter, and Eakins, holding me until I gave the signal, finally let go and I sped down the field.

As I rose higher and higher I began to feel, for the first time in my life what it meant to be nervous in the air. Under ordinary conditions there is always the horizontal sky-line which tells a man instinctively whether he is flying evenly; he can see without conscious thought whether he is headed up or down.

His problems present themselves in plain sight, and he is fully prepared to meet them without difficulty, with the flat earth below as an undeviating standard by which to measure his work.

But now, with utter darkness above, below and all around me, with no horizon and no earth to register lateral balance or fore-and-aft stability automatically upon the mind, I found myself working my cloche in a mild but

dangerous panic of uncertainty.

I thought at times that I was steering downward, and at other times that I was slowly turning over on my side, and the nervous jerks which I gave to the cloche made the machine swerve sharply and demand instant counteraction that simply increased my danger and my consternation.

Gradually, however, this panic left me, and I found that I could safely trust to the instinctive feeling of the body for the perpendicular.

But it was the most trying climb that I have ever made. Precious minutes were lost to me in this unreasonable staggering up and down in the darkness, but finally I decided that I was high enough for my purpose and, heading sharply downward, I cut off the motor and began a long and graceful, spiral glide.

For several minutes my ears refused to accept the silence that followed the stopping of the engine.

Then gradually the thunder and ringing in my head ceased, and I was able to hear the shrill of the rushing air as I plunged through it, the low singing of the vibrating wires and the whine of the propeller-blades as the air-pressure from ahead kept them whirling in spite of the absence of power from the motor.

Around and around I circled, my senses strained to catch the sound of that other engine.

The fear of the unseen ground was almost upon me before I caught from far off to the right the faint, low purr that meant so much to me. I waited until my spiral had brought me head-on straight for the distant sound, and then, closing the switch and giving the Gnome a wide-open throttle, I straightened until I could feel the full pull of the propeller and hear the steady key that I loved from the song of my motor.

Again I started climbing, this time straight ahead on a course that would bring me high over Casserta, well to the north as he swung over the shore.

There was nothing to guide me but the most careful estimates of angle, speed, and distance; but luck was with me, for when I cut out the motor again and spiraled, I heard Casserta below me and slightly to the south, and straining my eyes through the darkness finally made out the dull glow of his exhausts.

Here at last, was something definite to trust to for leadership.

The Mexican's ability as a night flier was so much superior to my own that I had not the slightest hesitation in depending entirely upon his judgment of direction and distance, so that from then on my problem reduced itself to the simple one of keeping myself so high above him that he could not hear my motor even if he cut off his own, yet not so far above that I could not see the lurid halo that whirled around his revolving engine, and marked his path for me against the slumbering world lying so black below.

And so we flew through the night, the Mexican aiming straight and steady, while the greater speed of my Blériot forced me to circle twice and double back to retrace my course, and keep him in sight ahead.

Thus we came to the point and to the huts that held my little girl prisoner. Some one below swung a lantern in a circle at arm's length, and two bright lights burning steadily upon the ground marked the two ends of the strip of sand.

As soon as I saw these signals I cut off my spark and spiraled down in silence. Casserta's engine was still running. Suddenly its sound ceased, his broad planes swung between me and the lights, and I knew that he had landed.

My task of the night was finished. I threw off my power again, and headed for the field where Eakins awaited me.

(Continued in tomorrow's issue.)

**DIXON SOLDIERS ARE
WARMLY WELCOMED
IN EASTERN COUNTIES**

**James Cashion Tells of The
Great Crowds Greeting
Them On Their Trip**

NOW AT CAMP MERRITT

**Contingent Was Sent From
Camp Gordon, Georgia,
Early Last Week**

James Cashion has written the following to his family concerning the movement of Lee county boys from Camp Gordon to Camp Merritt, N. J., and a visit of a few hours at Washington:

Camp Merritt, N. J., July 20, 1918

Dear Mother:—

We left Camp Gordon last Tuesday morning, coming through some big and pretty cities. We got into Washington, D. C., at night and all got a good look at the capitol. It is a very big building and very pretty. It was all lighted up and but one and one-half blocks from the railroad track. I never thought I would see the capitol. We stayed in Washington about two hours. I like it here in the east; it is whole lot different from the south.

Coming in here we saw lots of sky-scrapers and lots of water; we also crossed lots of big rivers. One was the Potomac river. We also saw Chesapeake Bay. I have seen lots of sights and lots of things I never thought I would see and I want to see a lot more. Everybody waved at us all the way here and from Philadelphia to here they nearly went wild. Some laughed and yelled and some cried and women and children came running to see for blocks and in every window they would crowd, cheer, and wave flags.

All factories would stop their work and come to windows to cheer us and most of them would blow their whistles. Every little child hardly old enough and men who were old and feeble would wave. They all knew we were going toward the rising sun and knew where we were going.

The Red Cross met us most every place and fed us. At Washington, they gave us sandwiches and coffee. I had five sandwiches and two cups of coffee. It surely went good with us. Well, I don't know where we go from here but we are not here for long. We have nothing much to do here; we may go any day to some other camp or over. We never know but you don't need to worry for I will get through all right. I also have seven other men to look after. No one can come in this camp and no newboys either. We are in luck to write; for a while we thought we couldn't. If we happen to go over we write a card home, saying we are safe and they hold it here or where we go from and when our boat lands they cable back and they let all our cards go then. In that way we can get the news home two weeks sooner. So don't worry if you don't hear from me for awhile. If anything happens to me you would know it inside of twelve hours, so if people don't hear from their friends or the War Department, they may know that they are all right. But it is just as I said, we don't know where we may go. We may go to another part of the U. S. for all we know. I don't know if you had better write or not, but you can try and write a little letter. I may get it if you answer right away. I can't get my picture taken right now. They don't let us run around much and they take real good care of us too. Some of the Dixon boys were left behind and they felt pretty bad, they are all crazy to go to France and so am I. They are giving them 14—over there now.

My address now is, Corporal Jas. Cashion, 40 Co., 1st. Inf. Reg. Tps., American Ex. Forces, Camp Merritt.

N. J. This address will follow in any place in the world.

Tonight we get all new clothes. We get two pairs of shoes and two wool suits. They are dressing us up for something. I am not a rookie any more, I am a regular soldier now. Illinois boys, that's us surprised our own officers and officers of other countries in hardening in and picking it up so quickly. I have seen eleven states since I left home.

Well, I will write when I can and when I give you my other address tell Mayme and Aunt Anna to write and give me their address. Did you get the cushion cover? That other picture is the place we all learned to drill at. I am the twelfth on from the right hand end as you look at it. I suppose you got the other three pictures, the ones for Mayme and Annie. This is about all I can think of now, so write soon, and love to all, I remain as ever,

Your son, JIM

Don't worry. I am all right.

SON IN AR

Telegraph Want Ads

FOR 25 WORDS OR MORE

1c a Word for 2 Times
3c a Word a Week 6 Times
5c a Word Two Weeks 12 Times
9c a Word a Month 26 Times

Rates for Locals (a line a day) 5 cents
Card of Thanks 50 cents
Reading Notices, per line 10 and 20 cents
(according to position)

WANTED

WANTED. We pay highest market price for rags, rubber, iron, hides, wool and paper stock. Also junk and second hand automobiles. Will call for your orders promptly. Your business greatly appreciated. Always call Phone 81. J. Snow, Dixon, Ill. 45tf

WANTED. Maid. Apply at hospital. 138tf

WANTED. All kinds of junk, wool, hides, etc. Full market price paid. Doing business with me means more money for you. Telephone 85. S. W. Rubenstein, Junk Yards at 315 Highland Ave. 95tf

JOB PRINTING and will give you an estimate at any time on any job. Call Phone No. 6.

WANTED. Men. Steady employment, good wage. Apply at once. Borden Condensed Milk Co. 152 20

WANTED. Girls. Steady employment, good wages. Apply at once. Borden Condensed Milk Co. 152 20

WANTED. Cook at Central Restaurant; good wages. Wm. Fowler, Amboy, Ill. 125 tf

WANTED. Agents. \$5 to \$7 daily selling New Fibre Brooms; every woman will buy. Sample by parcel post, 55 cents. Wynne Broom Co., Elmira, N. Y. 163 8*

WANTED. Good second hand steel range. Phone K719. 154tf

WANTED. Lady bookkeeper at the American Wagon Co. 165tf

WANTED. Stenographer. Must be competent and attentive to duties. Address P. O. Box 165. 165tf

WANTED. Men. Apply at the American Wagon Co. factory. 165 tf

WANTED. Cash for Old Teeth. Don't matter if broken. I pay \$2 to \$25 per set; also cash for old gold, silver, platinum, dental gold and old gold jewelry. Will send cash by return mail and will hold goods 10 days for sender's approval of my price. Mail to L. Mazer, 2007 S. 5th St., Phila., Pa. 153 24*

WANTED. At once, a man for delivering meat, and shop work. Apply of Henry Abt, Chicago Meat Market. 169 2

WANTED. Fireman and laborers. Good pay and steady work. Apply at Sandusky Cement Co. office. 168 w

WANTED. HIGH SCHOOL BOYS. Capable wheeling sand, helping carpenters, etc. 40c per hour. Building Construction, Amboy, Ill. 168 16 pd. W. J. Zetterill Co.

WANTED. Large hard coal burner in good condition. Inquire at 116 W. Boyd Street. 169 12

FOR SALE. Iowa farm at a bargain to settle estate. 240 acres well located in central Iowa. 2 sets of buildings; when fixed up a big profit to buyer. For quick sale \$145 per acre will buy it. Surrounding land worth \$225 per acre. C. M. Forbes, 1014 N. Crawford Ave., Dixon, Ill. 167tf

FOR SALE. Strictly modern 6-room bungalow; hot water heating, laundry, 2 screened porches, garage, etc. Call Phone K647. 161tf

FOR SALE. Base burner stove. Enquire at 414 Boardman Place, or Phone Y272. 147tf

FOR SALE. Early Ohio potatoes, extra fine. Price right. John Connolly, 1217 W. 4th St. Call at noon or after 4:30 p. m. 168 6*

FACTS ABOUT GREAT AUTO RACE SUNDAY

INFORMATION FOR DIXONITES WHO MAY ATTEND RACE IN CHICAGO

Facts about the First Annual International Sweepstakes at Speedway Park Sunday afternoon, July 28, at 3 o'clock:

Driver Country
Ralph Mulford.....United States
Dario Resta.....Great Britain
Arthur Dury.....Belgium
Louis Chevrolet.....France
Ralph De Palma.....Italy
Ira Vail.....United States

Purse—\$27,000. To winner, \$17,000; second, \$5,000; third, \$3,000; fourth, \$1,500; fifth, \$500. Each driver pays \$2,000 entrance fee.

Conditions—Five heats at two, ten, twenty, thirty and fifty miles with flying starts.

Reference—C. E. Patterson. Starter—Thomas J. Hay.

Admissions—Club section boxes, \$3.50; all the rest of main grandstand and boxes, \$2.25; infield, \$2; backfield stand, \$1.10. All include admission, seat and war tax. All parking space, including infield, is free.

Transportation—Ten special trains on Illinois Central beginning at noon, from Randolph and Van Buren street stations; special four minute service on Metropolitan elevated lines to terminal near track; special trains on Aurora & Elgin electric line; special auto bus line from State and Adams streets direct to track.

FOR SALE. Good 2nd hand pulleys, hangers, shafting, pipes, flues, bolts and numbers of other usable stock. Can be seen at Dixon Iron & Metal Co., 625 W. 2nd St., few blocks west of P. O., Dixon, Ill. 146tf

FOR SALE. 160 acres farm 2 1/2 miles from Dixon, well located; price right. D. M. Fahrney. 162 12*

FOR SALE. 160 acre farm for sale 2 miles east of Wheaton, Minn., county seat of Traverse Co. House, barn, well, etc. 110 acres in wheat this year for half rent. Cash for pasture. Crop rent should make \$2,000 this year. Can give possession this fall so plowing can be done. Nice level land with good black soil. Price for quick sale \$75 per acre. Terms for suit to responsible party. Reason for sale: I am too busy to give it proper attention. Also 116 acre farm 1 1/2 miles north of Compton, Lee Co. Improved farm rented this year for half crop and cash for pasture. Quick sale at \$150 per acre. Easy terms to good party. H. L. Fordham, owner, Dixon, Ill. 168 3

FOR SALE. Dayton airless tires are trouble-proof and ride like air tires. C. S. Barton's Garage. Phone Peoria Ave., Dixon, Ill. Phone X1182. 168 4*

FOR SALE. Turnips fresh from garden. Call K-1160. 145tf

FOR RENT

FOR RENT July 1, an apartment over Ware's store. For further particulars enquire of Mrs. H. U. Bardwell, Phone 303. 141tf

FOR RENT. 4 room modern flat, gas and gas lights, toilet and bath, fur, etc. 118 Peoria Ave. Enquire at Tetrick's Grocery, Telephone 109. 166tf

FOR RENT. Cottage at Assembly Park. Phone 71 or Y761. 168 3

FOR RENT. House of 5 or 6 rooms, 512 W. 2nd St. Furnace, electricity, sewer, gas, city water; very comfortable and near. See Geo. C. Loveland. 169 4

FOR RENT. Strictly modern flat of 7 rooms, on or about Aug. 1st. R. J. Slothower & Son, 113 Hennepin Ave. 169tf

FOR RENT. 7-room house with furnace, bath and gas. Barn if desired. Inquire at the premises, 122 East Fourth street. 132 tf

FOR RENT. One-half of double cottage at Assembly Park. Modern and convenient, in beautiful part of the park. Apply W. C. Durkes, City National Bank. tf 4b

FOR RENT. Modern furnished room. Phone X615. 315 E. 2nd St. 148tf

FOR RENT. 3 unfurnished modern rooms, located downtown. Must furnish A1 references. Address E. this office. 158tf

FOR RENT. 10 room house with all modern improvements, near all depots and car line. Immediate possession given. Jos. E. Henry. Phone K331, Dixon, Ill. 164 12*

FOR RENT. Aug. 6th. desirable home, 7 rooms, close to business. 210 Monroe Ave. Gas, electricity, city water, sewer. \$16.00 per month. 167t Geo. C. Loveland

AMERICAN ROSE AWARDED MEDAL

By Associated Press
Paris, July 26.—A rose of American origin was awarded the gold medal the highest award, yesterday at the annual competition of new roses at Bagatelle, the famous rose garden in the Bois de Boulogne. Variations had come from all parts of France, England, Holland and the United States, the winning rose being one named from the city of its origin, Los Angeles.

The jury, composed of celebrated rose-growing experts, considered the claims of an English climbing rose, the Paul Scarlet Climber.

SOVIETZ SHAKEN STATES LENINE

Amsterdam, July 26.—Premier Lenin, in a speech in Moscow before the government factory committee, said that the position of the Soviet government had become extremely acute in view of international complications, counter revolutions and conspiracies and the food crisis says a Moscow dispatch to Berlin.

FARM LOANS

Unlimited funds at lowest interest rate for long term, with liberal payment privileges stopping interest. Write H. A. Roe Company, Dixon National Bank Bldg., Dixon, Ill. tf

New rates are retroactive to Jan. 1, 1918.

Beginning August 1, 1918, eight hour day with time and one-half for overtime, Sunday work, and seven specified holidays.

The full text of the new order which deals with methods of calculating specific increases will be issued within the next week. The former wage increase order provided for percentage advances, with a minimum of 55 cents an hour for shopmen.

and working condition, following representations of shop crafts that high wages paid machinists and other mechanical workers in ship yards resulted in discrimination against railroad shop employees.

New Wage Scale.
The new scale of wages was announced as follows:

Machinists, boiler makers, blacksmiths, sheet metal workers, welders and first class electrical workers, 68 cents per hour.

Sar men and second class electrical workers, 58 cents per hour.

Foremen paid on hourly basis, 5 cents per hour more than respective crafts.

Foremen paid on monthly basis, in increase \$40 per month, minimum \$155 and maximum \$250.

A MEAL FOR A BATH TAUGHT CLEANLINESS

London. (By Associated Press Correspondent.)—Recently in Roumania, "A meal for a bath" was the American Red Cross's method of teaching the Roumanian peasant population the importance of cleanliness. The Red Cross operated a large bathhouse in Jassy and every person who patronized this institution once a week received a season ticket to the American Canteen kitchen. This entitled him to a square meal every day and clothing and medical attendance.

As a result of the scarcity of food, baths became very popular in Jassy and the American Canteen kitchen which had the reputation of serving the best meal in Roumania, soon found itself with over 2,000 regular patrons daily.

A bath at the American bathhouse included not only a scrubbing with soap and water, but a haircut, a skin treatment with petroleum, a medical examination, and a complete sterilization of clothing.

The sterilization of clothing was accomplished in a machine known as a "dis-insector," which has become a national institution throughout Roumania since the war. The dis-insector, which has been the chief weapon in the campaign against epidemic typhus, was introduced into Roumania and perfected by an American doctor, Lieutenant C. B. DeForest, of Ann Arbor, Mich., who went to Roumania when the first serious outbreak of typhus occurred and later joined the American Red Cross unit on its arrival in Jassy.

In the dis-insector, clothing and blankets are either baked or steamed for a sufficient time to kill all insects. As typhus is communicated solely through these agents, the most essential step in combating the spread of the epidemic was to get rid of the insects. The DeForest dis-insector was adopted throughout the Roumanian army, and the medical staff of the army repeatedly declared that its use saved the troops from an epidemic which at one time threatened to decimate the ranks.

—Look at the little yellow tag on your Telegraph. Look now! Now!

55 ACRE FARM FOR SALE

Located 3 1/2 miles from Dixon on stone road and one mile from school.

There is 15 acres in pasture and about 40 acres under the plow. The soil is a good black soil with a clay sub-soil.

The buildings are a good 7 room house, a good barn, 40x40 good double corn crib, Windmill and tank.

GEO. FRUIN
Agent
Dixon Ill.

CHICAGO MARKETS

Simons, Day & Co., Chicago.
Chicago, July 26.

Corn—
July 151 1/4 153 150 1/4 152 1/2
Aug 152 153 1/2 150 1/2 153
Sept 153 1/2 154 1/2 151 1/2 154

Oats—
July 74 1/4 75 1/4 74 75 1/4
Aug 69 1/4 70 1/4 68 1/4 69 1/4
Sept 69 1/4 70 1/4 68 1/4 69 1/4

CASH GRAIN—
Barley—100 to 117.
Wheat—
1 red—226 1-2.
2 red—223 1-2 to 224.
3 red—219.
1 hard—226 to 228.
2 hard—223 1-2 to 225.
3 hard—221.
4 hard—220 to 222.

Corn—
2 mixed—162.
6 mixed—136 to 141.
2 yellow—173.
3 yellow—170.
4 yellow—169.
5 yellow—148 to 153.
6 yellow—135 to 145.
2 white—175.
4 white—167 to 168.
5 white—150.
6 white—140 to 150.
Sample grade—95 to 135.

Oats—
2 white—77 1-4 to 77 1-2.
3 white—77 1-2 to 77 1-2.
Standard—76 3-4 to 77 1-2.
New oats in all grades, one cent less.

Rye No 2—165.
STOCK RECEIPTS—
Hogs—18,000, 10 to 20c lower.
Mixed—1770 to 1835.
Good—1860 to 1875.
Rough—1720 to 1745.
Light—1860 to 1885.
Cattle—8000, steady.
Sheep—11,000, steady.
Estimated tomorrow—
Hogs—11,000.
Cattle—3,000.
Sheep—4,000.

High Relish of Disgust.
Amongst the various assumptions of character which hypocrisy has taught, and men have practiced, there is none that raises a higher relish of disgust than to see disappointed inveteracy twisting itself by the most visible falsehoods into an appearance of piety. It has no pretensions to—Thomas Paine.

Choice Farms For Sale or Exchange

1. 120 acres in Ogle County, Illinois. Seven miles from Oregon, Ill., county seat. Ten room house, barn 40x80, good Hog house, corn crib, new tile silo, farm fenced hog tight. This is one of the best money making farms in the county. One-half mile from school, a fine home. \$175 per acre. Will take one-half in exchange for city property or stock of goods.

2. 115 acres, four miles northeast of Dixon, Ill. Fair improvements. House and barn in fair condition. \$165 per acre, will take some city property in exchange.

3. 480 acres in Sioux County, Nebraska, \$25 per acre. Encumbrance \$1500, runs three years. Will exchange.

4. 854 acres in South Dakota, two and one-half miles from town, well improved. In proven Oil Territory, small encumbrance, will exchange, what have you?

5. 265 acres, four and one-half miles from Dixon, good improvements. Will sell or exchange for income property.

6. 150 acres, four miles from Dixon, Ill. \$165 per acre. Good barn, 40x80, new corn crib, house in good condition, all well fenced. Will take part in income property.

7. 364 acres, three miles from Amboy, Illinois. 3500 population, two railroads, division point for I. C. R. R. Eight room house, large barn 40x80, lean to, double corn crib with scales inside, gasoline engine and pump, well fenced, two hog houses, machine shed, new tile silo, milk house, well inside, 200 acres farm land, 61 acres hay land, 100 acres timber pasture with \$20,000 worth cross ties and mine posts besides cord wood. Rented for one-half delivered. Will take one-half or more in exchange.

We have several other farms and a large list of city properties, residence and income, for sale or exchange. We make a specialty of buying, selling and exchanging. See us.

Inquire,
Dixon Realty Company

OFFICIAL FOOD PRICES FOR LEE COUNTY

	Cost of Dealer	Retailer's Profit
Flour	\$11.00 per bbl.	60c to 1.25
Wheat, granulated	8.00 per cwt.	1 to 2c per lb.
Navy beans	1.50 per lb.	2 to 4c per lb.
Lima beans, per lb.	1.14 1-2 to 15c	2 to 4c per lb.
Milk, evaporated	6.1 per case	1 to 3c per can
Milk, condensed	8.4 per case	1 to 4c per can
Pure lard, per lb.	.28	4 to 6c per lb.
Lard compounds, per lb.	.24c	4 to 6c per lb.
Bacon, per lb.	1-4 to 4 1/2	4 to 8c per lb.
Butterine, per lb.	.25 to \$0 1-2c	4 to 8c per lb.
Extra for allcng.		
Corn meal, per lb.	4 1-2	4 to 1 1-2c per lb.
Prunes, per lb.	1 to 16c	2 to 4c per lb.
Rice, per lb.	.8 to 16c	2 to 4c per lb.
Pink salmon, per doz.	2.0 to 2.15	2 to 5c per can
Red salmon, per doz.	2.6 to 2.90	2 to 5c per can
Creamery butter, per lb.	.5	3 to 7c per lb.
Cheese, brick or cream, per lb.	.2 to 30c	4 to 9c per lb.
Eggs, fresh		4 to 8c per doz.

STANDING OF BIG LEAGUES

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago 58 30 .559
New York 55 33 .625
Pittsburgh 45 41 .523
Philadelphia 40 45 .471
Cincinnati 39 45 .464
Brooklyn 36 48 .429
Boston 31 51 .427
St. Louis 26 54 .400

Yesterdays' Results.
Philadelphia 10-6, Chicago 5-12.
New York 3-3, St. Louis 2-2.
Brooklyn 10-6, Pittsburgh 0-2.
Cincinnati 4-5, Boston 2-0.

Games Today.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at New York.
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston 58 34 .611
Cleveland 50 42 .543
Washington 48 41 .539
New York 46 40 .535
Chicago 40 47 .460
St. Louis 40 47 .460
Detroit 37 50 .425
Philadelphia 36 56 .419

Yesterdays' Results.
Chicago 4, Boston 2.
Washington 1, St. Louis 0, 15 innings.

Games Today.
Boston at Chicago.
Washington at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Detroit.
New York at Cleveland.

OLD MAN HARRIS

Editor of the Oil and Mineral Journal of Billings, Mont., will give you straight "tips" about oil and mining companies free, and send you sample copy of his 16-page illustrated paper for the asking. Scores of his subscribers have made \$400 on a \$100 investment and upwards, by following his advice. Don't buy in any company until you write him about it—he knows who is reliable and those who are not. Write Dun's or Bradstreet's agencies in Billings as to what they think of Old Man Harris and his reliable information to investors.

Choice Farms For Sale or Exchange

1. 120 acres in Ogle County, Illinois. Seven miles from Oregon, Ill., county seat. Ten room house, barn 40x80, good Hog house, corn crib, new tile silo, farm fenced hog tight. This is one of the best money making farms in the county. One-half mile from school, a fine home. \$175 per acre. Will take one-half in exchange for city property or stock of goods.

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We have several other farms and a large list of city properties, residence and income, for sale or exchange. We make a specialty of buying, selling and exchanging. See us.

Inquire,
Dixon Realty Company

5% FARM LOANS 5%

Long Time—Optional Payments. Write
A. G. HARRIS Dixon, Ill.

JOSEPH W. STAPLES

Mortician and Funeral Director
LADY ASSISTANT
Phones: Res. K1181. Office 676
811 First St. Dixon, Ill.

Dr. F. B. JONES

VETERINARIAN
OFFICE AT OUN'S FEED BARN
PHONE 296
Residence at Dixon Inn

VACATION TRIPS

ON THE
6 DAY RIVER CRUISE
To Minneapolis and Return
—ON THE—
STEAMER HELEN BLAIR
W. A. Blair, Master
Commencing Saturday, June 22
Leaves Davenport, Iowa every Saturday, at 2:30 p. m.
24 Hours in Minneapolis
For information and folder write to Northern Steamboat Co., Agents, Davenport, Iowa.

MARKETS

Editor's Note—Because the quotations furnished by the various markets of Dixon do not coincide, the Telegraph finds it impossible to quote all of the prices daily, and hereafter will quote only those prices which seem most advantageous to seller or purchaser.

Oats, white—72. Mixed 67
Corn 85 to 1.15

LOCAL PRODUCE QUOTATIONS

Cash & Pay Sell Carry
Creamery butter 42 .50 .48
Dairy butter 36 .24 .32
Eggs 36 .39 .42
Potatoes 30 .90 .100
Flour 3.40, 3.25, 3.00

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens 22
Springers 23
Old roosters 14
Ducks, White Pekin 15c
India Runner Ducks 8c
Muscovy Ducks 8c
Geese 8c
Turkeys 16

Farmers, do you need letterheads or envelopes with your return card printed thereon? The B. F. Shaw Printing Company, Dixon, Ill., will be pleased to fill your order at 25c

ATTACH THE PLUG

—Put the clothes in the cylinder—put down the cover—press a button. That's practically all you do wash day if you own a



STERLING HAS 'EM

STERLING HAS 'EM!
Some mighty good bargains in homes. Can be bought for about half the cost of building similar houses today.

No trades, unless you insist upon it, and in that event you get something for your property.
If you contemplate moving to Dixon, or if you have been paying rent for the last forty or fifty years and have quite a little bunch of worthless rent receipts on hand, or expect to get married, we can do you some good.

The prices range from \$1,300.00 to \$10,000.00.

Call at the office, if interested, as we like to look you straight in the eye when we quote prices.

THE **STERLING** AGENCY
110 Galena Ave.

BERT E. SMICE

PLUMBING

Heating and Gas Fitting

Phones: Shop 215; Res. K653
409 FIRST STREET
Dixon Illinois

NEW RECORD ON DIXON GOLF LINKS

Dr. F. L. Hamilton has established a new record for the Dixon Country Club golf links, having negotiated the nine-hole course in 39, but two strokes more than the professional record made by R. F. Labes last year.

In Her Kit Bag.
Women are never stronger than when they arm themselves with their own weakness.—Mme. de Grignon.

CLOSING OUT HAT STOCK

At Todd's Hat Store—many bargains—all New Hats go in this sale.

See the New Spring sample for Suits made to measure—

—AT—
Todd's Hat Store
Opera House Block

NOTICE

I have purchased the Grocery Business of W. B. McCREA, Ashton, and would appreciate the trade of all old customers and would like to have all my friends come in and get prices.

J. J. THOME

Big Removal Sale of Furniture, Stoves and Ranges

At Extremely Low Prices
Commencing July 15th
MUST VACATE SOON

THE 3RD WARD EXCHANGE

Trautman & Manges, Props.
701 Depot Ave. Phone 557

OPINIONS

Opinions agree that the record of this establishment is one of service performed. Those whom we have served will tell you that we fulfill our obligations and that we are thoroughly trustworthy.

Picture Framing.

WALTER L. PRESTON
Undertaking & Ambulance Service
PHONE OFFICE 78, RES. K929
123 EAST FIRST STREET, CHAPEL

S. W. LEHMAN, M. D.
Dixon, Ill.
SPECIAL OFFICE CONSULTANT
and
DISEASES OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

STRONG COLLEGE OF MUSIC
Second Floor Rosbrook Bldg.
instruction given in all branches of music by competent teachers. Rates reasonable. A special course for very young pupils

OTTO WITZLEB
PLUMBING AND HEATING
214 W. First St. Phone 692

The BARGAIN COUNTER

Merchants to Their Patrons

NOTICE

Become a member of the Investors Protective Association of America. For further information write them for literature. N. L. Amster, Pres., Equitable Bldg., Boston, Mass.

Ask for the Webb Chemical Company Poultry Remedies. Sold by Dixon druggists.

FARMERS.
OAT SHORTS FOR SALE. One of best feeds for cows and horses. Universal Oats Company. 16414

FOR AFTER HARVEST FENCING
Do not delay getting at once your Field Fence and Barb Wire for when my present stock is gone I do not know when I can replace it.

W. F. GRAVES, Amboy, Ill.

LAND
Any one wishing to buy a farm in Dakota at a bargain should communicate with Wadsworth Land Co., Langdon, N. D.

FARMERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS
Every little thing helps win the war. Gather up all the old junk which is of no use to you and sell now; get our price before selling and be convinced that it pays to sell from. Rags, Rubber, Metal, Paper, Hides, Wool and Second Hand Machinery to the Dixon Iron & Metal Co., 625 W. 2nd St., few blocks west of P. O. Dixon, Ill. Junk Yards Open Till 8 P. M.
B. HASSELSON, Prop.
Call Either Phone, 184 or K759.

ATTENTION
Read in Thursday Night's Telegraph the opening chapter of our splendid new serial.

LAST CALL
For Barb Wire Field Fence and Steel Gate. I have on hand a limited stock, 26, 32 and 39 inch Field Fence. Come quick while the stock lasts.
W. F. GRAVES, Amboy, Ill.

HEALO, the best foot powder on the market; shake into your shoes. It was much used during the Civil War by the soldiers and is much used now. It receives great praise from the soldiers. Send your boy or your friend a box of Healo by mail. It will please him. Sold by all druggists. 59 ct

DR. C. LA COUR
ECLECTIC
DRUGLESS PHYSICIAN
Osteopath, Chiropractor, Physiological Therapist.
120 Galena Ave. Dixon, Ill.
Phone 572.

The Brown Shoe Company
Dixon, Ill.
Manufacturers of Ladies' and Misses' Shoes
Capacity 4,000 Pairs Daily

ROY E. BARRON
Racine COUNTRY ROAD Tires
Open Wed. and Sat. Nights
Phone X-702 Residence X-672
213 WEST SECOND STREET

Jones
Undertaking Parlors
Lady Embalmer.
AMBULANCE SERVICE
116 Galena Ave
Phones: Office 204; Res. 228

(Continued from page 1)

Salient May Fall At Any Time.

(Associated Press Leased Wire.)

With the French Army, July 26, Morning—The entire German position within the Marne salient is such that it may fall any instant as the result of some sharp forward move by the allies affecting a vital point. For this reason the German commanders have ordered their men to hold on at all costs, while defense positions are prepared upon which the Germans can fall back.

Day after day the allies, now the French, now the Americans, and now the British, encroach on the triangular line, in some places cutting deep dents, and in others the progress being more slow.

Shelling The Whole Area Continually.

Every line of communication in the whole German salient is under allied bombardment night and day from heavy guns and airplanes. It is only with great difficulty and great sacrifice that the enemy is able to hold on. All the while his men are suffering terribly owing to the uncertainty of obtaining supplies.

In consequence of the allied bombardment and pressure virtually every road and path is useless and the Germans cannot be relieved, even when sorely tried.

Americans Fight Way Through Woods.

(Associated Press Leased Wire.)

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne Front, July 26, 8 A. M.—The Franco-American push north of Chateau Thierry has resolved itself into a battle of the woods, which abound in this region. The Germans are fighting rear guard actions with artillery and machine guns, retiring gradually before the allied forces.

The German infantry is not in evidence. There were indications early today that the enemy is making further preparations to withdraw. There was a violent struggle in the north half of the forest of Fere and the forest of Ris, but the allies are making progress in the work of ousting them from the remainder of these woods.

Allies Move Up Big Guns.

The allies have moved up their heavy guns, and early today commenced shelling Saponay (5 1-2 miles north of Oulchy-Le-Chateau) and beyond Fere-en-Tardenois (2 miles southeast of Saponay).

The districts to the south are also being peppered with allied shells. The Germans are using much "Blue Cross" or sneeze shells, but ineffectually.

The oak forests of Fere and Ris are filled with underbrush, making a stiff job for the allies to get through, but they continue pushing along, night and day. The Germans are desperately contesting every inch of the way before giving up. This morning the battle in the woods was still in progress.

Germans Reinforce Right Flank.

(Associated Press Leased Wire.)

Paris, July 26.—The Germans have re-inforced their right flank of the Soissons-Rheims pocket, says La Liberte, with a new army commanded by General von Eben, which has been placed between the armies of General von Hutier and General von Boehm.

Allies Still Making Progress.

(Associated Press Leased Wire.)

London, July 26.—On all sides of the German salient the allies are reported to be making progress today except on the heights behind Soissons. The German resistance to the French pressure is very determined in this latter section. The advances reported elsewhere are for the most part slight.

On the other side of the salient, just west of Rheims, the allies have lost the town of Mery and Hill 204 to a German counter attack, but retained Vignay and the greater part of the line thereabouts looking toward Fismes.

American Casualties Very Low.

(Associated Press Leased Wire.)

Washington, July 26.—Satisfactory progress is being made by the American troops assisting the French and British in pushing in the German lines on the Soissons-Rheims salient, members of the house military committee were told today by General March, chief of staff.

The transportation facilities of the expeditionary army are fully meeting the strain placed upon them in keeping the troops supplied and bringing up the heavy guns.

While without information as to casualties in the present battle, Secretary Baker said that the percentage of men killed in previous fighting was remarkably low. Figures show that the death rate in battle is 8 per thousand, and while there is exactly the same proportion of deaths from disease among the expeditionary forces.

Officials said this was undoubtedly the lowest death rate among troops in the history of the world. Inquired as to the losses by the Germans killed in battle since the last offensive started, General March said he had no information, adding that the American forces were too busy pressing forward to estimate the German dead.

Legs Didn't Meet.

Dickie was out playing on a damp, cold morning dressed in a thin suit and short socks. Later he entered the house vainly trying to pull his little trouser leg down to reach his sock, and said to his mother: "Dickie's all warm, mamma, 'cept where his legs don't meet."

Jews Lived Longest In Babylon.

By far the largest part of Jewish history, tradition, literature, etc., is not Palestinian but Babylonian. In Babylon lived, for the longest time, the greatest number of Jews together. There their principal religious works were written, especially the Talmud, which is a higher authority with the Jews than the Bible.

THREE GOOD ONES

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does the work in a tin of
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POSTPONED

Public Sale of 328 Acre Farm

Belonging to the heirs of the late J. A. Hodges and to Richard Gooch to be held on the premises at 1 o'clock p. m., on

Wednesday, July 31, 1918

This sale was to have been held on July 15th but was postponed on account of the all-day storm.

The farm is described as follows:—
The East 1/2 of the SE 1/4 of Sec. 33, and the SW 1/4 of Sec. 34, all in Lee Center Township. Also 80 acres in the North 1/2 of Sec. 3 in Sublette Township, Lee county, Illinois.

This is known as the J. A. Hodges farm and is located two miles north of Sublette, 10 miles northwest of Mendota, and 7 miles southeast of Amboy. The 240 acres in Lee Center Township has a full set of good improvements and the 80 acres in Sublette Township has a fair set of improvements. The land is gently rolling, is all thoroughly tilled and in a good state of cultivation. This farm can be divided into two quarter sections with a set of buildings on each; or a 240-acre farm and an 80-acre farm. This land can be sold in separate tracts or as a whole.

TERMS OF SALE
10 per cent of the purchase price to be paid on day of sale in bankable note without interest until March 1, 1919, balance payable at that date when deed will be given. 60 per cent of the purchase price may be left in the farm for 5 years at 5 per cent interest if desired. Abstract furnished showing good title. Possession given March 1, 1919.
R. K. McCOLL, Auctioneer.
FRED N. VAUGHAN, Clerk.

HEIRS OF J. A. HODGES.
RICHARD GOOCH.

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I have fifty cases of fresh canned Hawaiian sliced pineapple, extra fancy goods, not a cheap article but a quality grade. I can sell them to you at prices you cannot afford to bother to get the fresh pines and put up. If it is money you want to save call at the store or phone for our prices.

I will guarantee every can you buy to keep until it is used, you cannot do this with your own canning.

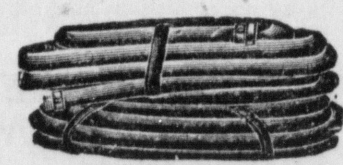
I have the goods in the store now; come and have a look at them. Ladies, did you ever stop to think what it costs to can pineapples?

W. C. JONES

[The Pure Food Store]

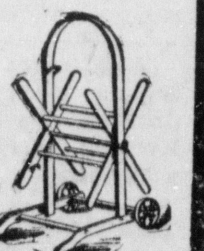
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Whistling Novelty Singing and Chatter Musical Novelty

Tomorrow—Francis Bushman and Beverly Bayne in "Cyclone Higgins"
VAUDEVILLE

SUNDAY Ethel Clayton in **JOURNEY'S END** Change of Vaudeville

Monday—Alice Brady in "THE ORDEAL OF ROSETTA"

Tuesday—Marion Davies in "Cecilia of the Pink Roses"

Coming—"Over the Top" with Serg. Arthur Guy Empey

Matinee Every Day but Sunday and Monday at 2:30,